

# KVN-ALMA Collaborations for Polarimetry Commissioning

## ALMA polarization commissioning team

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# Priorities of Cycle-6 / 7 polarization capabilities

## 1. Circular polarization

Zeeman effect

Linear-to-Circular conversions

Gyro synchrotron emission

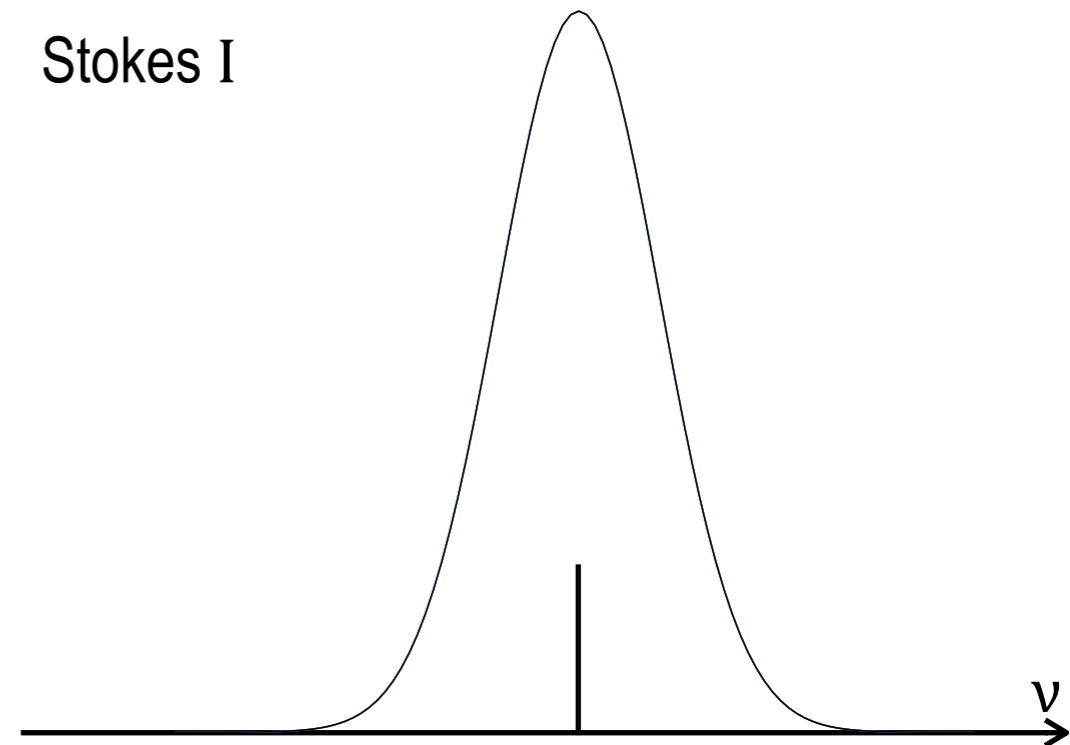
Chirality

## 2. Wider field of views

<1/3 FWHM until Cycle 5

## 3. Shorter calibration

> 3-hour continuous observations required  
to cover parallactic angle range



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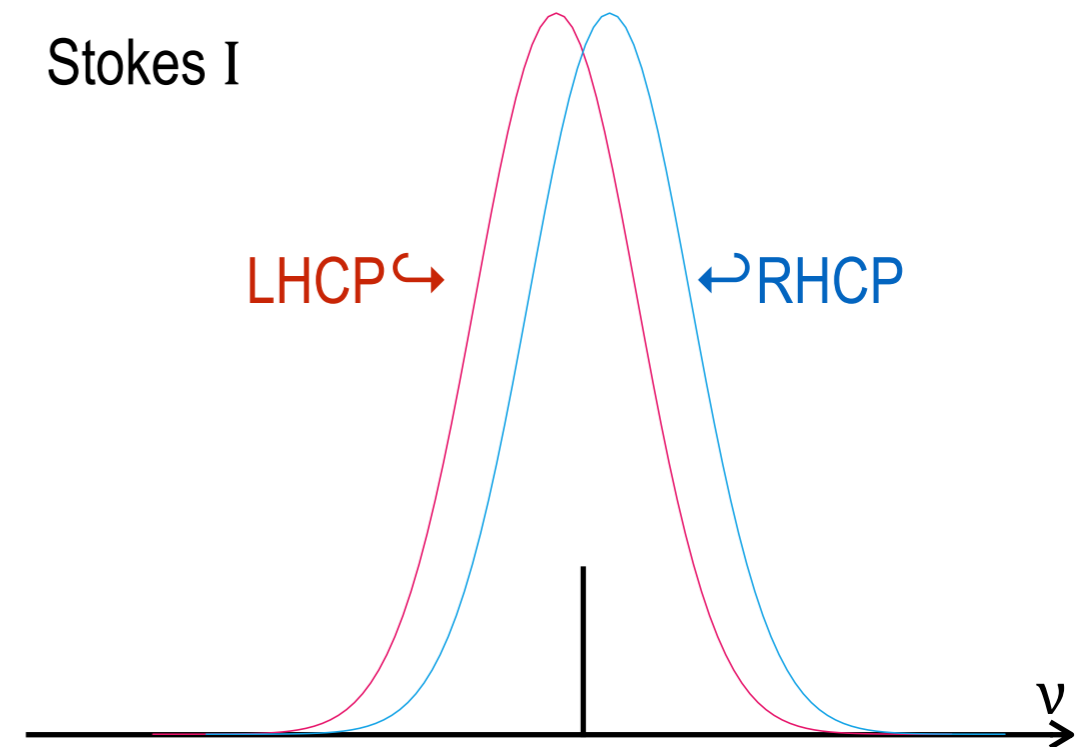
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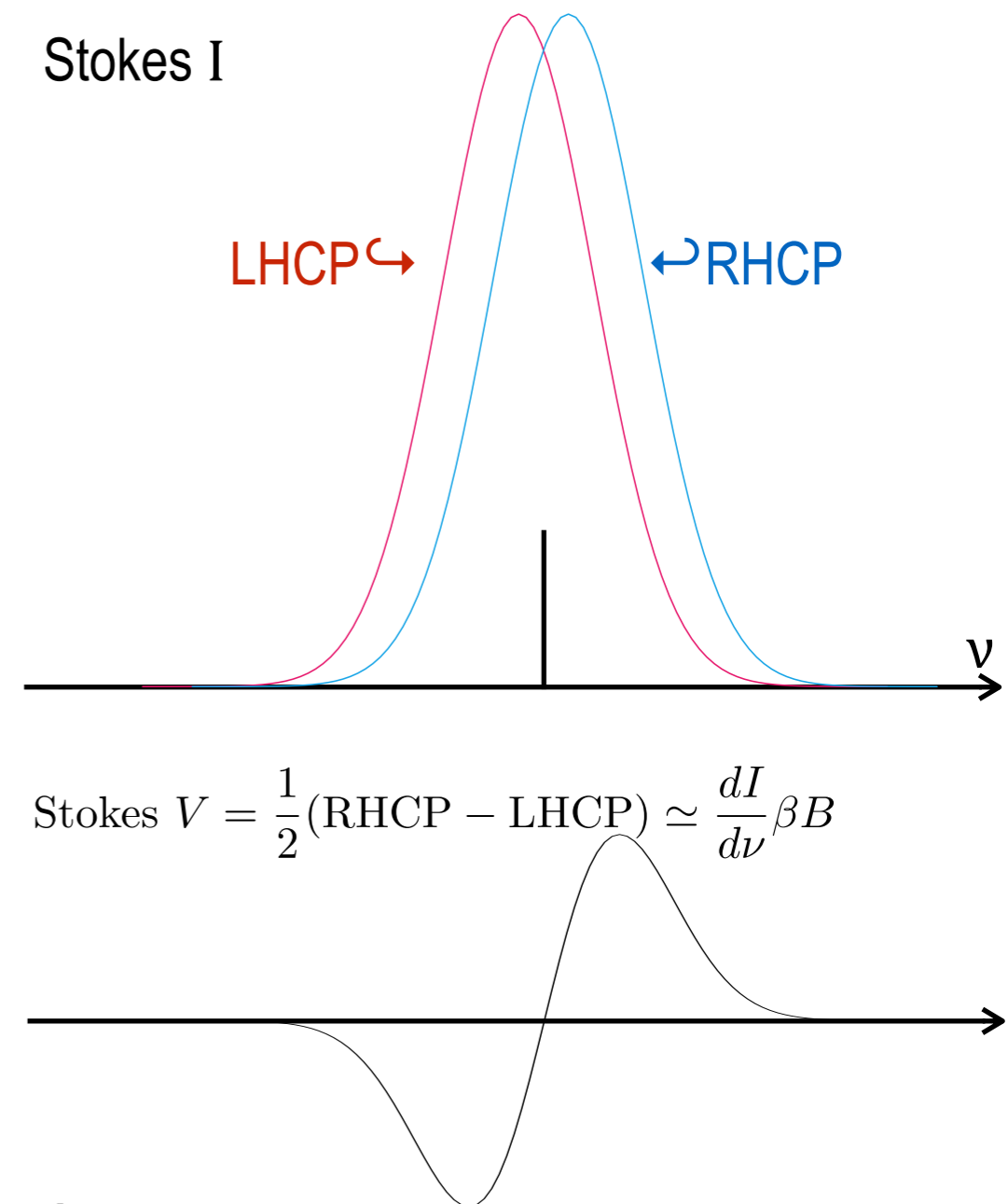
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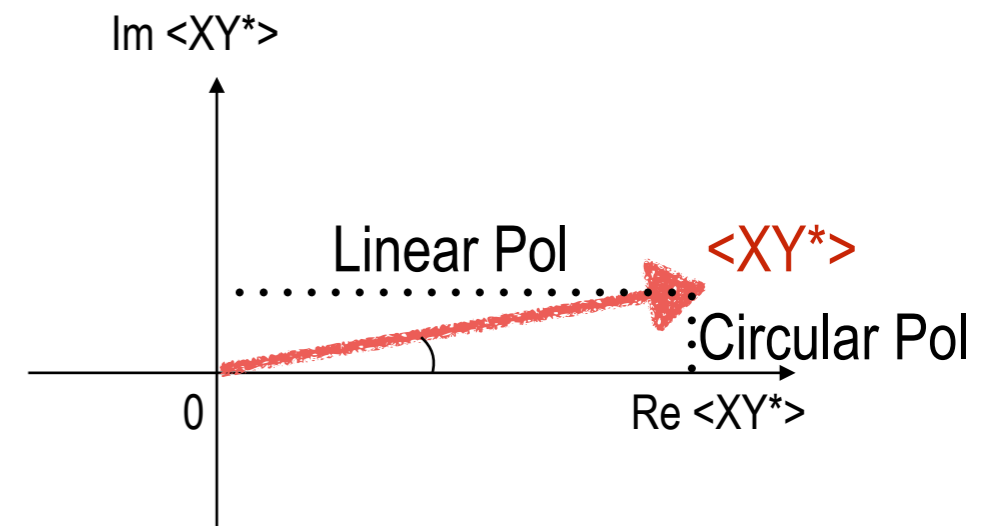
# Challenges for Circular Polarimetry with ALMA

## Stokes V measurements with a Linear Feed

$$\begin{pmatrix} I \\ Q \\ U \\ V \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \cos 2\psi & -\sin 2\psi & -\sin 2\psi & -\cos 2\psi \\ \sin 2\psi & \cos 2\psi & \cos 2\psi & -\sin 2\psi \\ 0 & -i & i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle XX^* \rangle / (G_X G_X^*) \\ \langle XY^* \rangle / (G_X G_Y^*) \\ \langle YX^* \rangle / (G_Y G_X^*) \\ \langle YY^* \rangle / (G_Y G_Y^*) \end{pmatrix}$$

- Stokes V responses  $\text{Im} \langle XY^* \rangle$
- XY-phase error causes fake Stokes V

**XY-phase calibration is crucial for Stokes V**



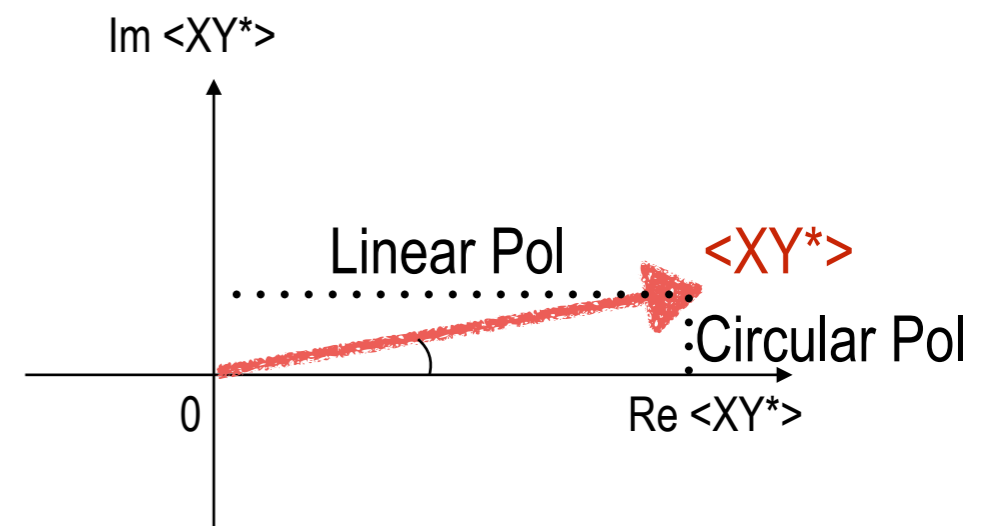
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## No XY-phase calibration device, installed

- No wire grid to generate linearly-polarized signals
- Artificial signal (comb-tone) emitter will be available later than 2019

**Linearly polarized radio sources (blazars) are only references for XY phase**

# Q, U, and XY-phase determination

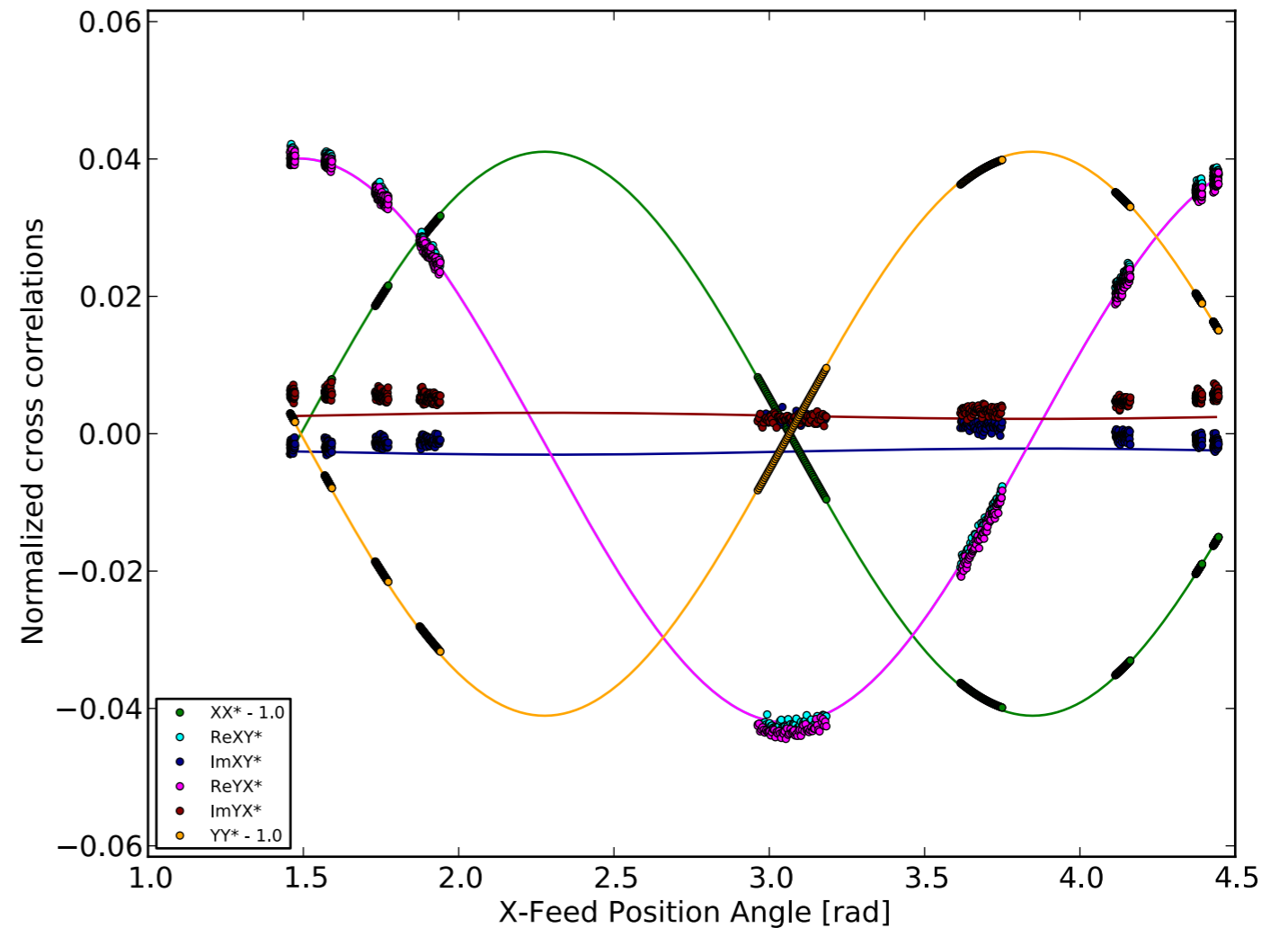
- solve for Q and U of pol calibrator and  $\phi$  using  $\langle XX^* \rangle$ ,  $\langle YY^* \rangle$ , and  $\langle XY^* \rangle$

initial guess for Q and U

$$\frac{\frac{\langle XX^* \rangle}{G_x G_x^*} - \frac{\langle YY^* \rangle}{G_y G_y^*}}{\frac{\langle XX^* \rangle}{G_x G_x^*} + \frac{\langle YY^* \rangle}{G_y G_y^*}} = 2\left(\frac{Q}{I} \cos 2\psi + \frac{U}{I} \sin 2\psi\right)$$

fine determination

$$\frac{\langle XY^* \rangle}{G_x G_y^*} + \frac{\langle YX^* \rangle}{G_y G_x^*} = 2\left(\frac{U}{I} \cos 2\psi - \frac{Q}{I} \sin 2\psi\right)$$



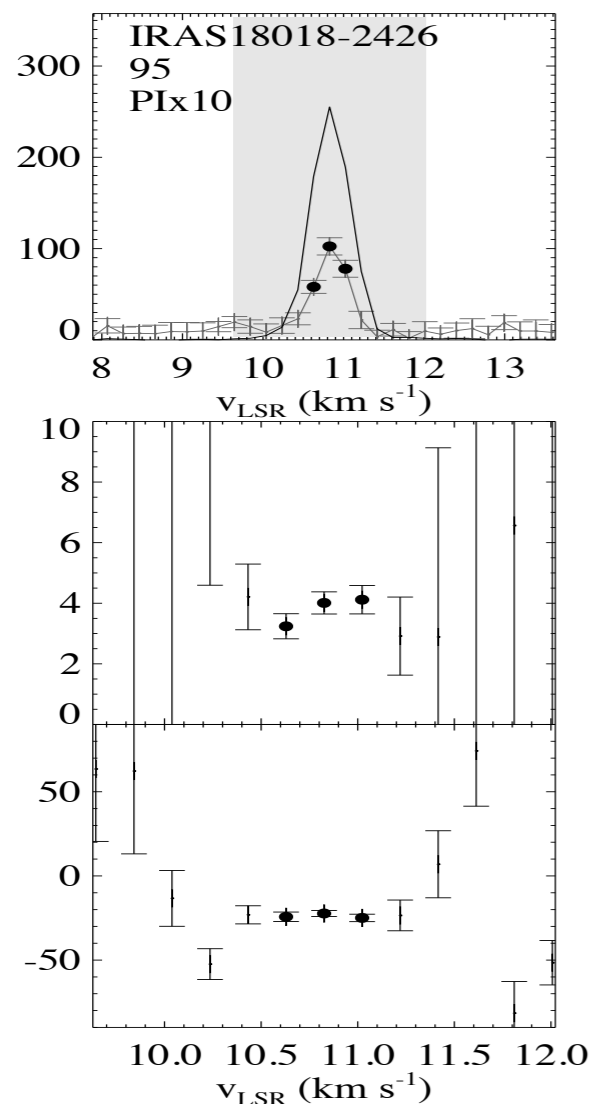
→ removing degeneracy between  $(Q, U, \phi)$  and  $(-Q, -U, \phi + \pi)$

# 1st Trial

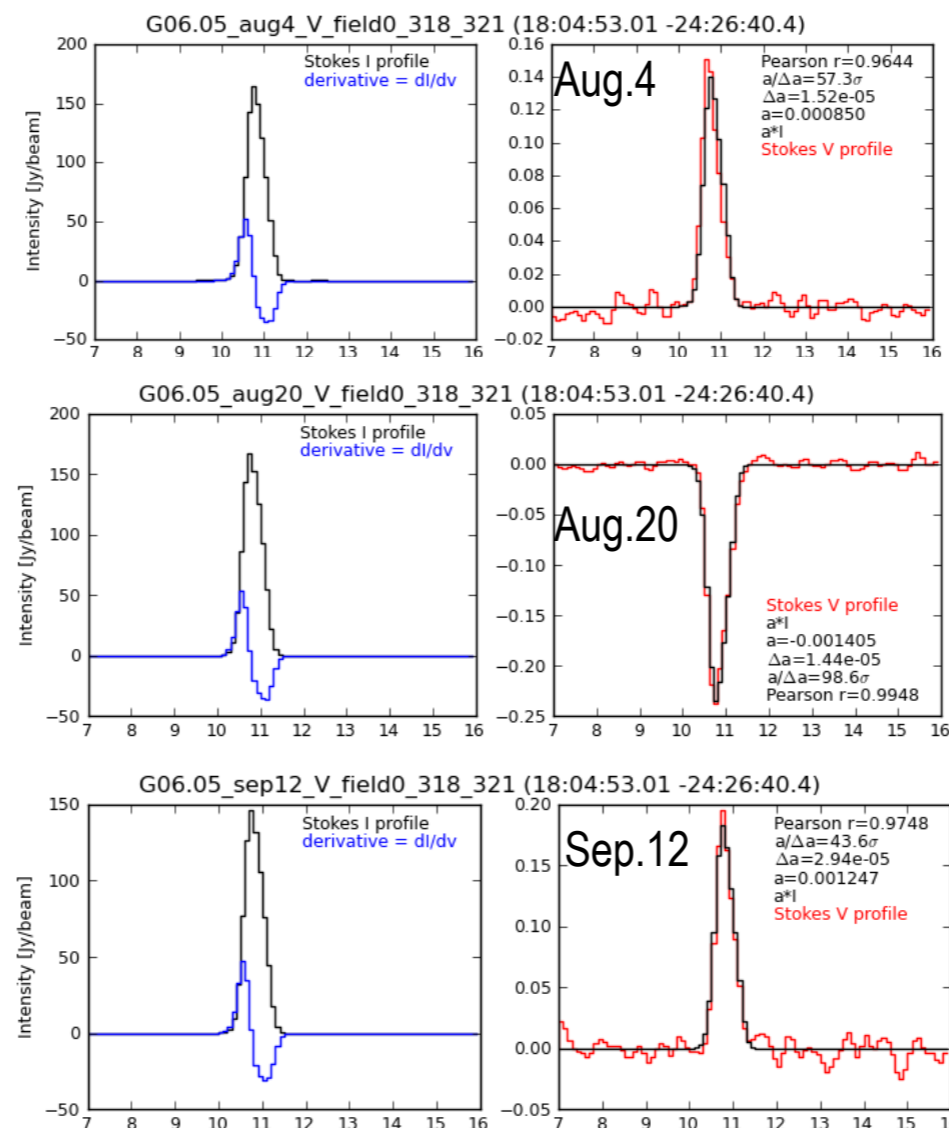
... failed to verify circular polarimetry

- CN (J=1-0) Zeeman effect in M 17 : resolved out
- Class I CH<sub>3</sub>OH maser (95 GHz) toward G06.05 (IRAS18018-2426 )

KVN survey: Kang+16 ApJS, 227, 17



ALMA CSV : Brogan, Hunter, Moellenbrock (2015)



not proportional to  
dI/dv

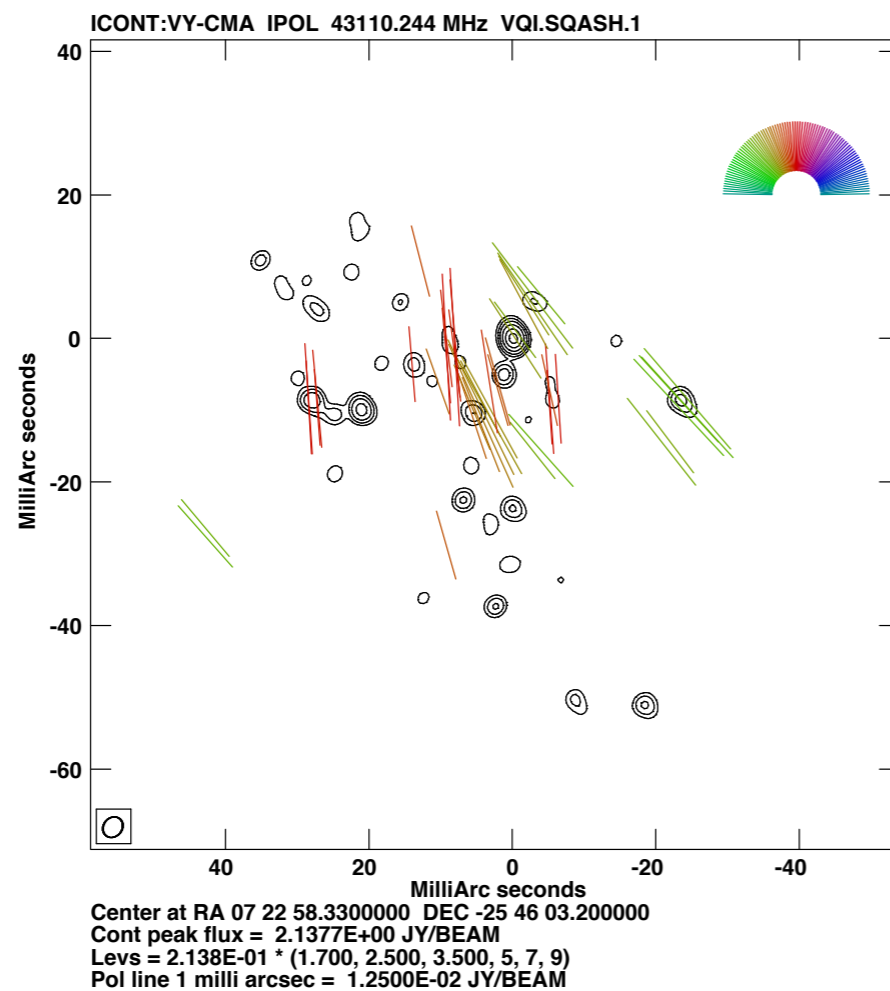
← Stokes-V flip



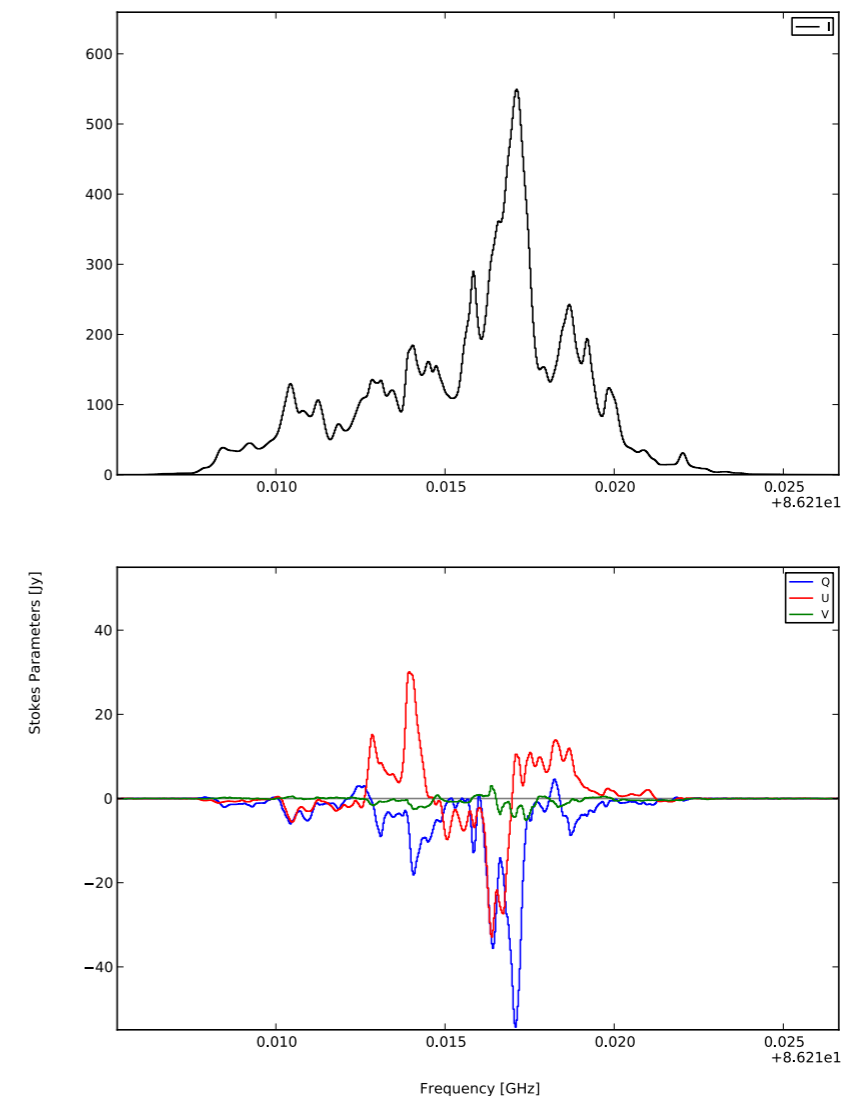
# 2nd Trial

- SiO ( $\nu=1$ ,  $J=2-1$  86 GHz) maser toward VY CMa and VX Sgr
- Intra-day observations with KVN and ALMA for comparison

## SiO $\nu=1$ $J=1-0$ map: VY CMa



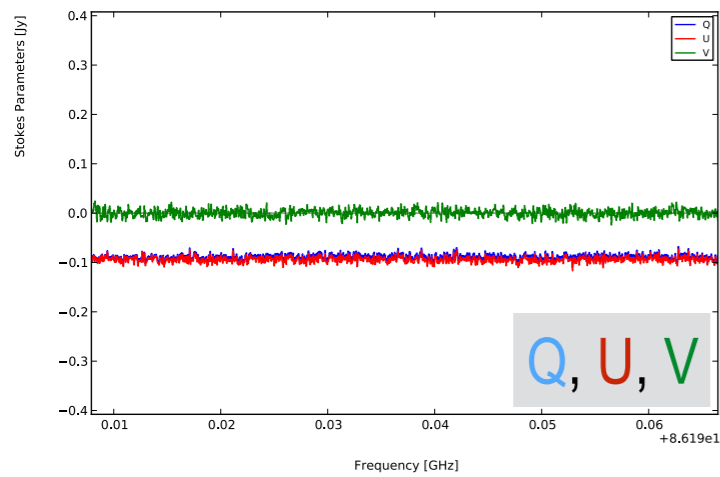
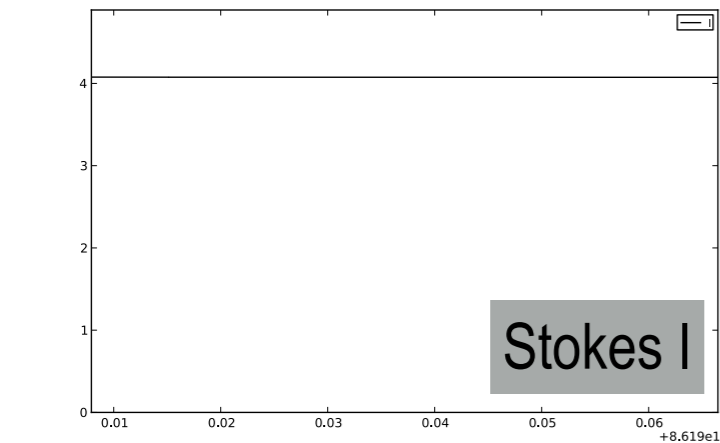
uid\_\_A002\_Xbfdb60\_X4f46\_FDM\_NL\_RB\_03\_Scan29  
AZ=102.1 EL=60.9 X-feed-PA=78.6 2017/05/02/19:03:23



# Stokes Spectra with ALMA

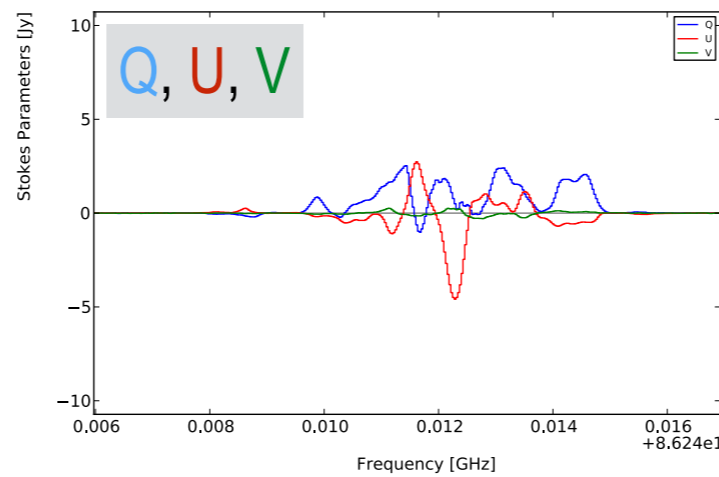
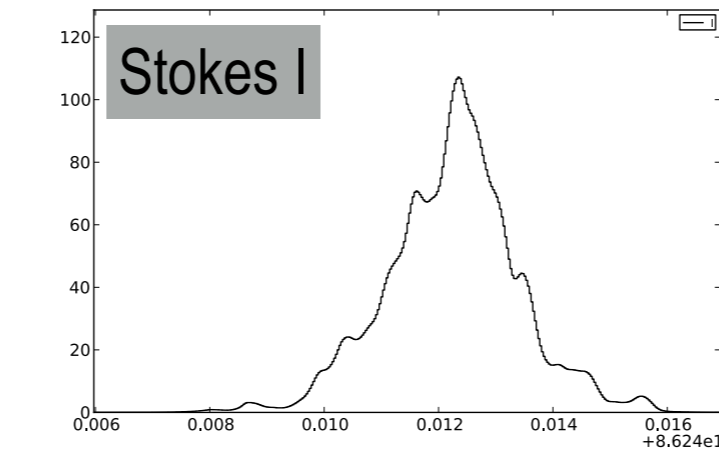
- Calibrator : Stokes  $V = 0$  (assumed)
- max. 2% circular polarization in SiO masers

uid\_\_A002\_Xbfdb60\_X4f46\_FDM\_NL\_RB\_03 Scan27  
AZ=170.0 EL=76.3 X-feed-PA=158.5 2017/05/02/18:56:20



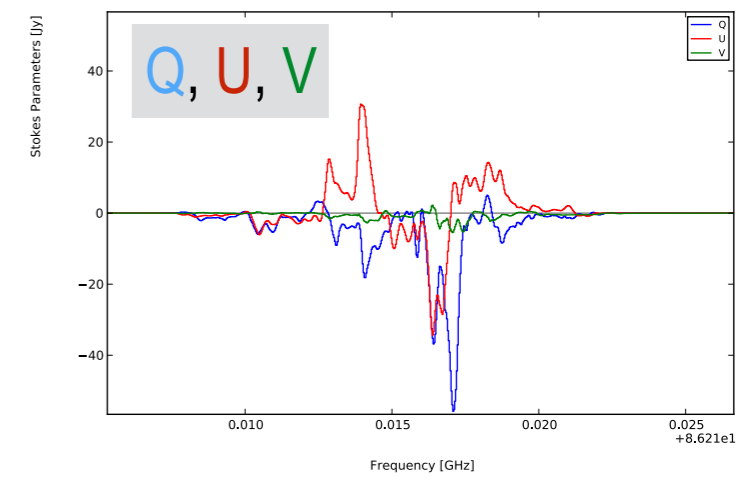
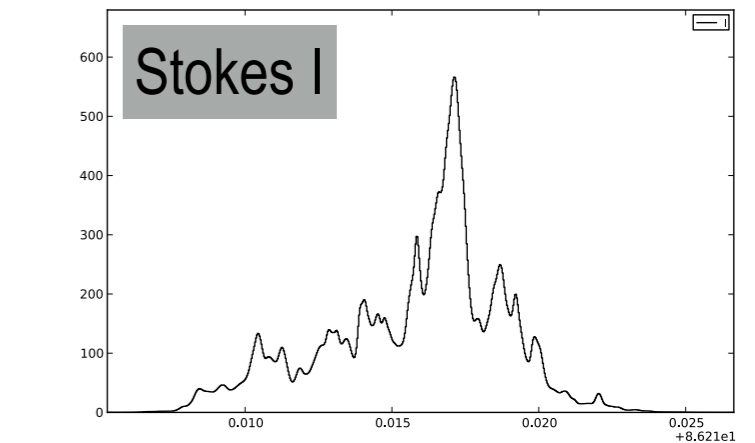
J0522-3627

uid\_\_A002\_Xbfdb60\_X278a\_FDM\_NL\_RB\_03 Scan19  
AZ=-88.7 EL=77.9 X-feed-PA=266.3 2017/05/02/08:47:37



VX Sgr

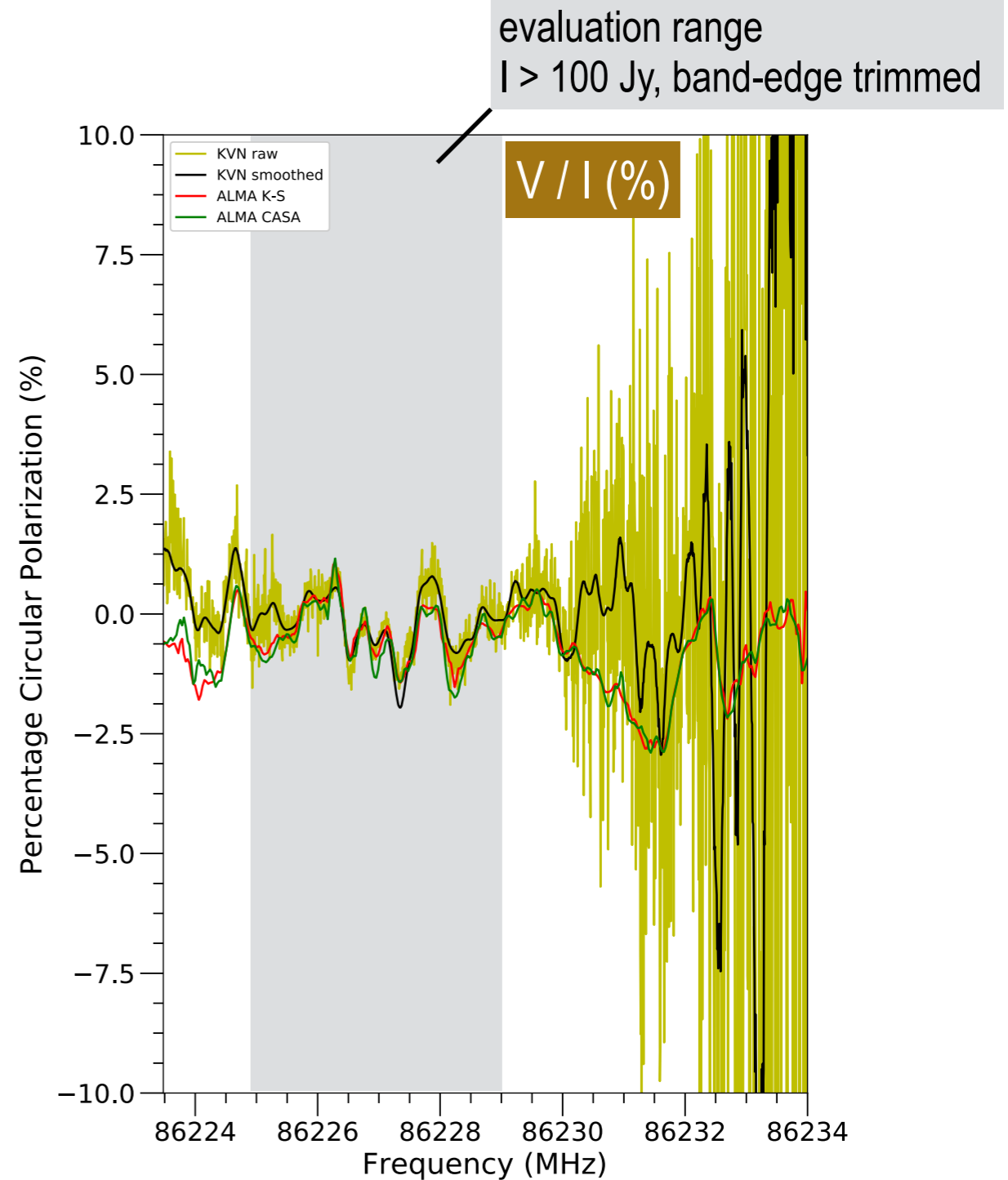
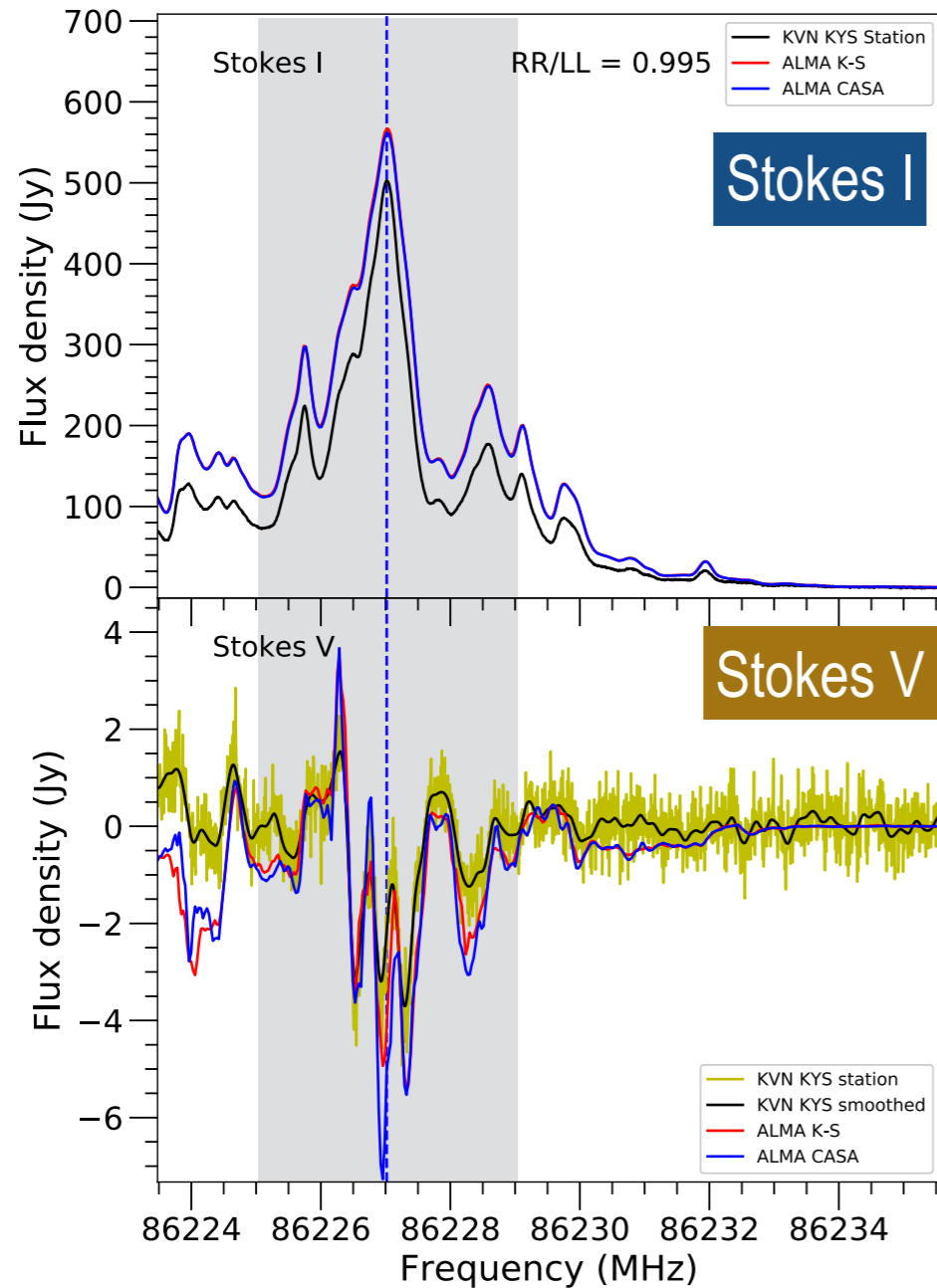
uid\_\_A002\_Xbfdb60\_X4f46\_FDM\_NL\_RB\_03 Scan16  
AZ=102.7 EL=53.7 X-feed-PA=75.7 2017/05/02/18:28:38



VY CMa

# Comparison with KVN

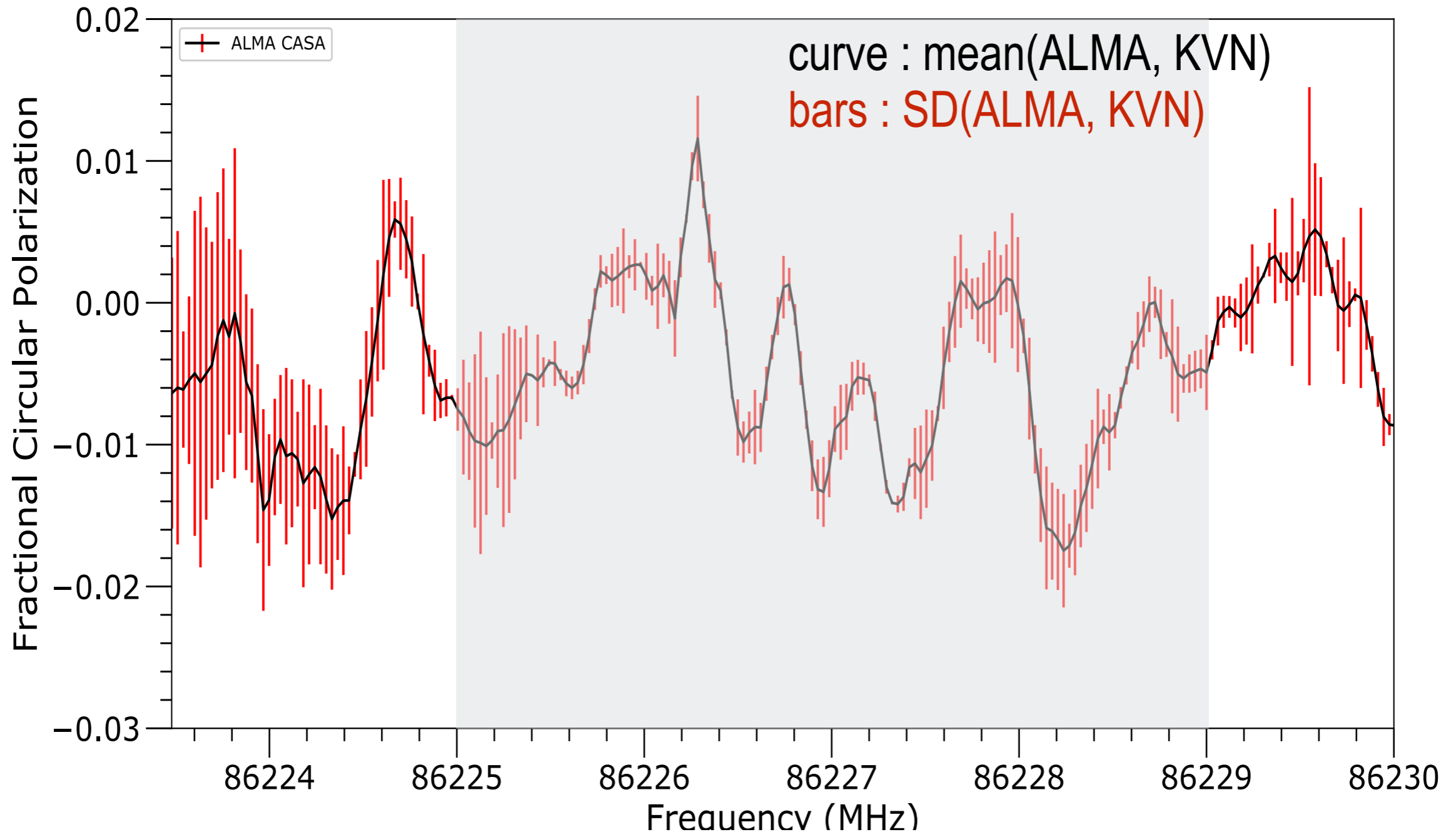
- In the evaluation range, mean deviation = 0.3% among KVN and ALMA



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evaluation range  
 $I > 100$  Jy, band-edge trimmed



# Summary of the 2nd Trial

- KVN image of VY CMa : maser distribution in 80 mas
  - Unresolved with ALMA (C40-3, 1".2 resolution)
  - Spatially resolved with KVN ... Use single-dish (autocorrelation) to compare
- Agreements of Stokes V
  - mean difference of  $(V / I) = 0.32 \%$  between 86.225 and 86.229 GHz)
  - max difference = 1.7% (at band-edge of KVN spectrum)

## Even though

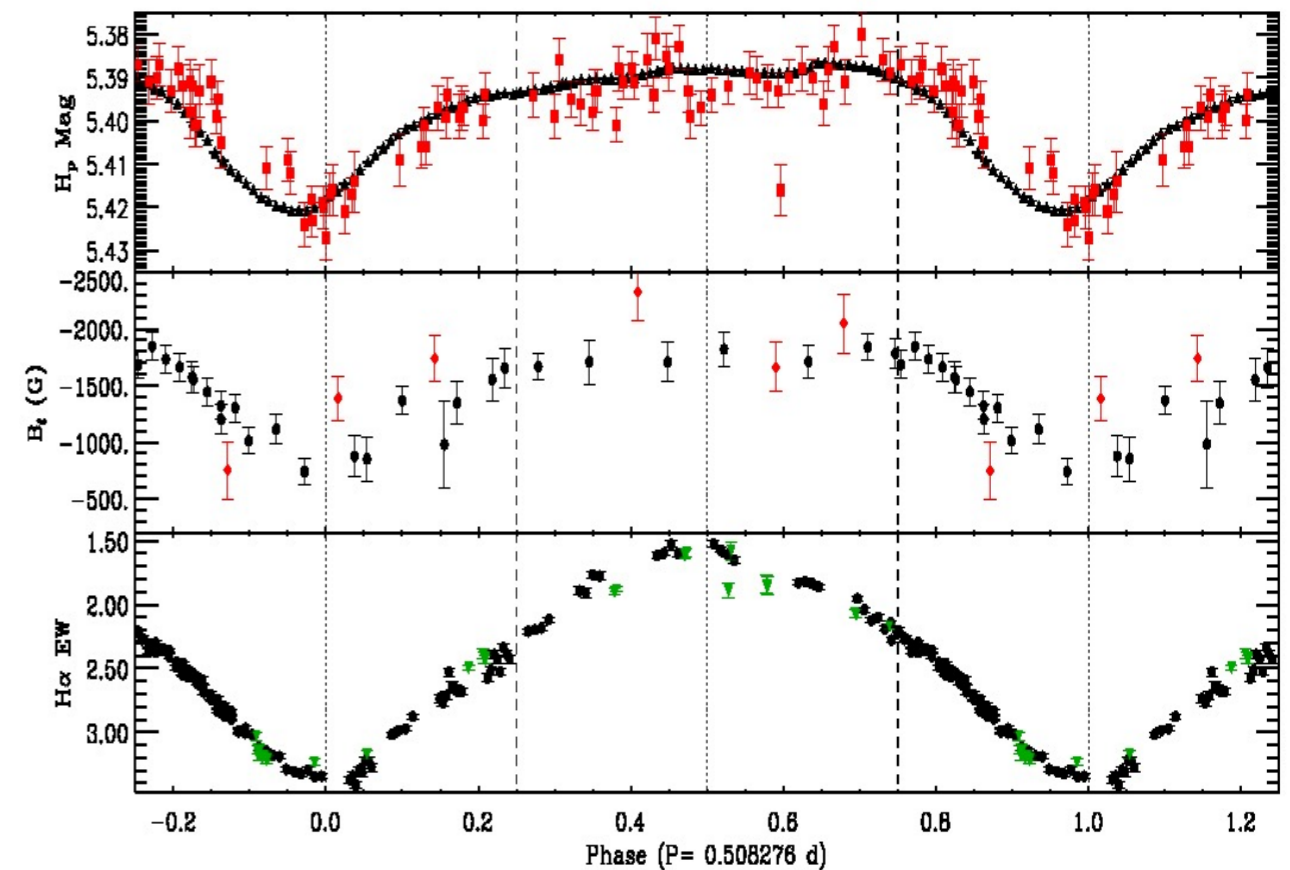
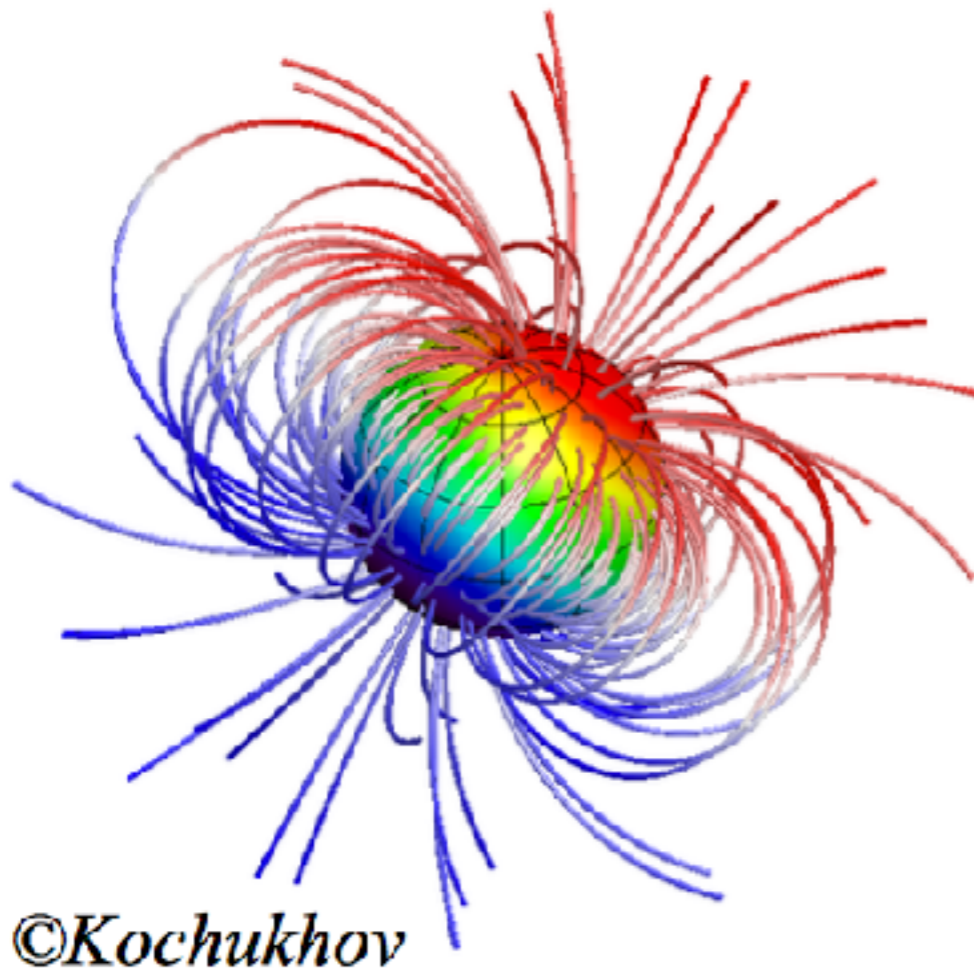
- Different receiving systems (XY in ALMA, RL in KVN)
- Different reduction schemes (CASA for ALMA, AIPS for KVN)

# Continuum Circular Polarization

HR 5907 (V1040 Sco) : a rapidly rotating magnetic early B-type star

Grunhut+11 MNRAS, 419, 1610

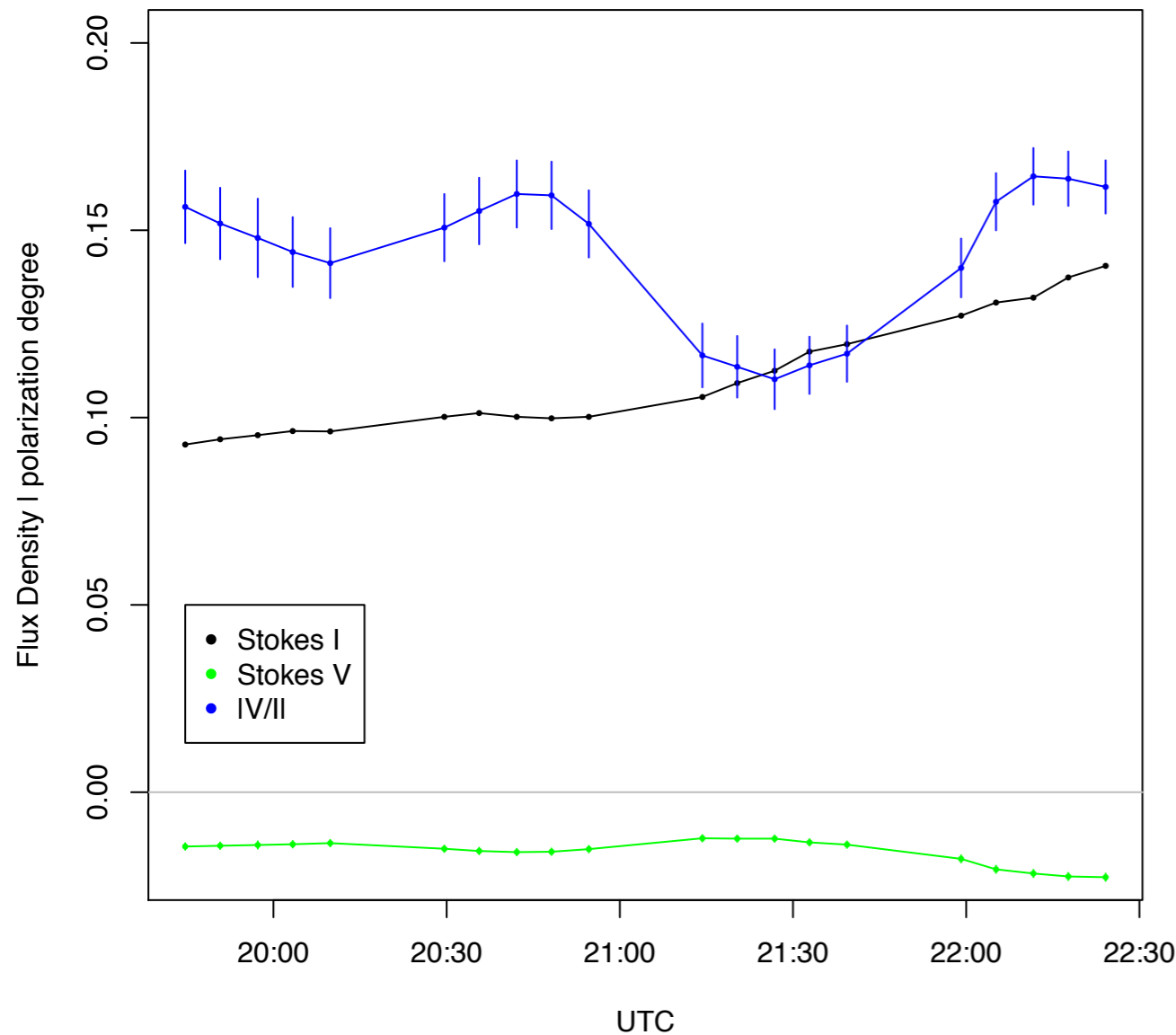
- $B(\text{los}) \sim 15.7 \text{ kG}$
- Periodicity : 12 hours
- Circularly polarized gyro synchrotron radiation : Stokes  $I \sim 0.1 \text{ Jy}$ ,  $V/I \sim 10\%$



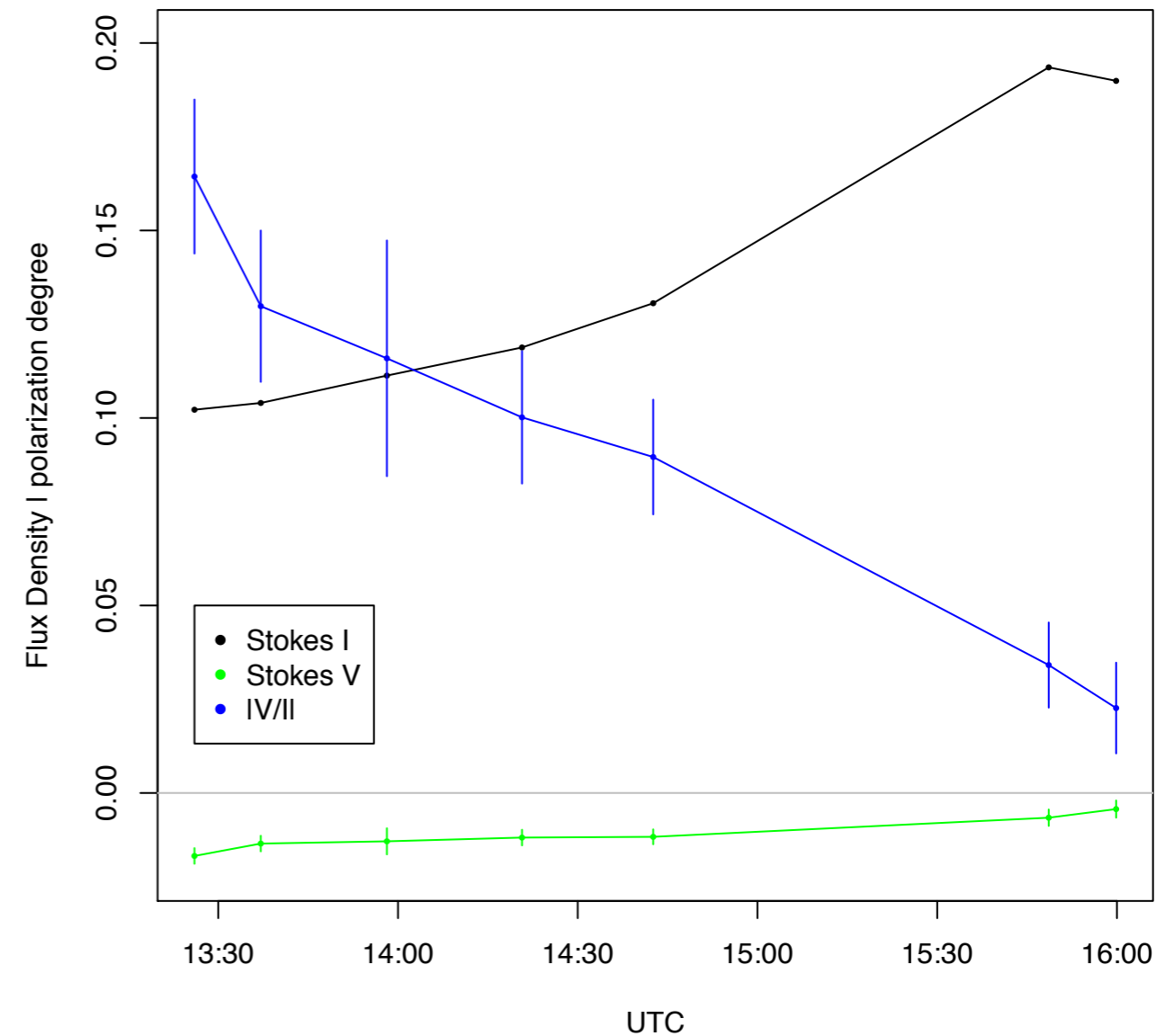
# ALMA Band-3 observations toward HR 5907

- Detection of Stokes V ( $V/I \sim 4 - 16\%$ , variable)
- Time variability in 2 hours
- Consistent Stokes V value with VLA 44 GHz measurements (private comm.)
- No significant Q and U

HR5907\_Oct19



HR5907\_Nov18\_polcal=J1617



# Summary

## We recommend Cycle-6 capability of circular polarimetry

- Both spectral and continuum observation modes
- Limited accuracy (0.6% of Stokes I) ... insufficient for the Zeeman effect
- On-axis (limited FoV)

**Go/No Go decision on Nov.29 (tonight)**

## Requirements for circular polarimetry

- QA0 process to verify XY phase stability

## Future works

- Improvement of accuracy to allow Zeeman effect
- Wider FoV
- Short calibration scheme



# Thanks for KVN collaborations!

- Providing the CH<sub>3</sub>OH maser source list
- Simultaneous SiO maser observations
- Imaging SiO masers
- Comparison of Stokes I and V spectra

