ALMA ACA 7m observations toward two Orion cores very close to the onset of star formation

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Planck Galactic Cold Clumps



All-sky distribution of the 13188 PGCC sources (black dots) and the 2000 selected PGCC sources (open dots) overlaid on the 857 GHz Planck map.

N2D+ intense cores



- Nobeyama 45m follow-up: 115 cores in Orion region (Ori A and B GMCs, λ Ori)
- N₂D⁺ was detected toward ~40 cores out of 115 (37%)
- There are several N₂D⁺ intense cores in 115 cores.
- We select two N2D+ intense Orion cores for ALMA 7m observations (Cycle 4 Suppl. call)
 - 5" resolution, Band 6

N2D+/N2H+ or DNC/HNC in <u>cold (10-20 K)</u> cloud cores





G210 and G211 SCUBA-2 850um map star-forming vs starless



SUMMARY

- Both cores were detected in N₂D⁺ and DNC with Nobeyama 45m, but only G210 (star forming) was detected in these lines with ALMA 7m.
 - N₂D⁺ and DNC distribution seem to be extended in ALMA 7m 5 arcsec resolution (resolved out) or J=3-2 is much less excited than J=1-0 for the starless core G211
- The starless core G211 was detected in DCO+, HCO+, CO. The DCO+ linewidth is almost thermal.
- The star forming core G210 shows double peaks aside the dust continuum peak in N₂D⁺ and DCO⁺.
- Both cores are about solar-mass, and close to virial equilibrium
- J/M for G210 in DCO+ is close to the empirical relation of J/M ∝ R^{1.6} or a little higher in the J/M-R diagram (collapsing edge-on disk?).

THANK YOU!

 Note that the deadline for Nobeyama 45 m, which can observe D molecules with receiver T70, is December 12.