

HOPS 186

Young Stellar Object Outflow

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INTRODUCTION

What is HOPS?

Herschel Orion Protostar Survey (HOPS) is a program to characterize hundreds of protostars in the Orion Molecular Clouds

Young Stellar Object

infalling envelope which absorbs and reprocesses
⇒ most of the luminosity from the central protostar.

In the initial phases,

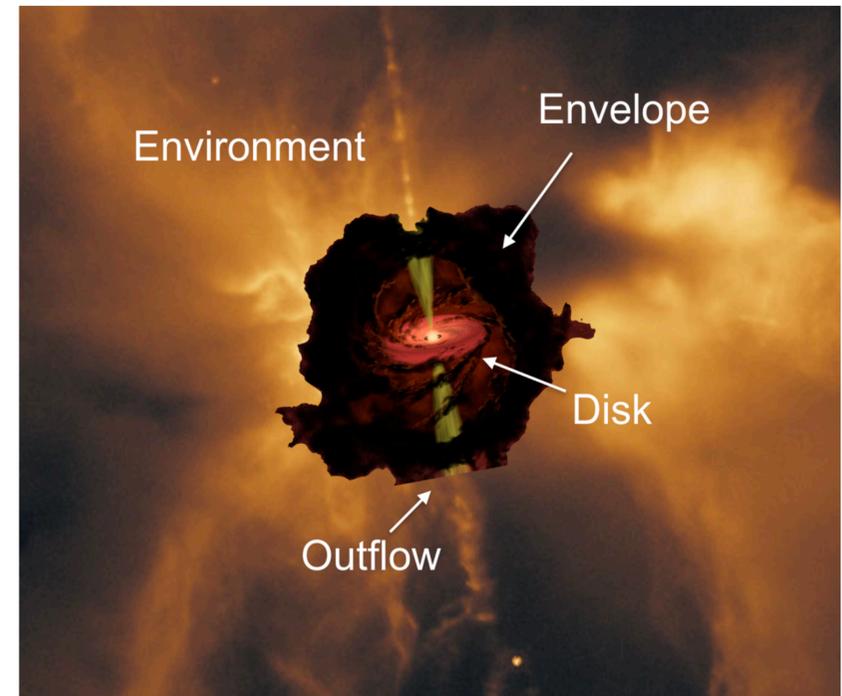
⇒ the **envelope dominates** the mass

In the later phases

⇒ most of the mass is already **accreted onto the star**.

Even in these later phases

⇒ the mass of the envelope exceeds that of the circumstellar disks surrounding the central protostar



(credit : Joseph J. Booker et al. 2017)

OBSERVATION DATA

BASIC PROPERTIES

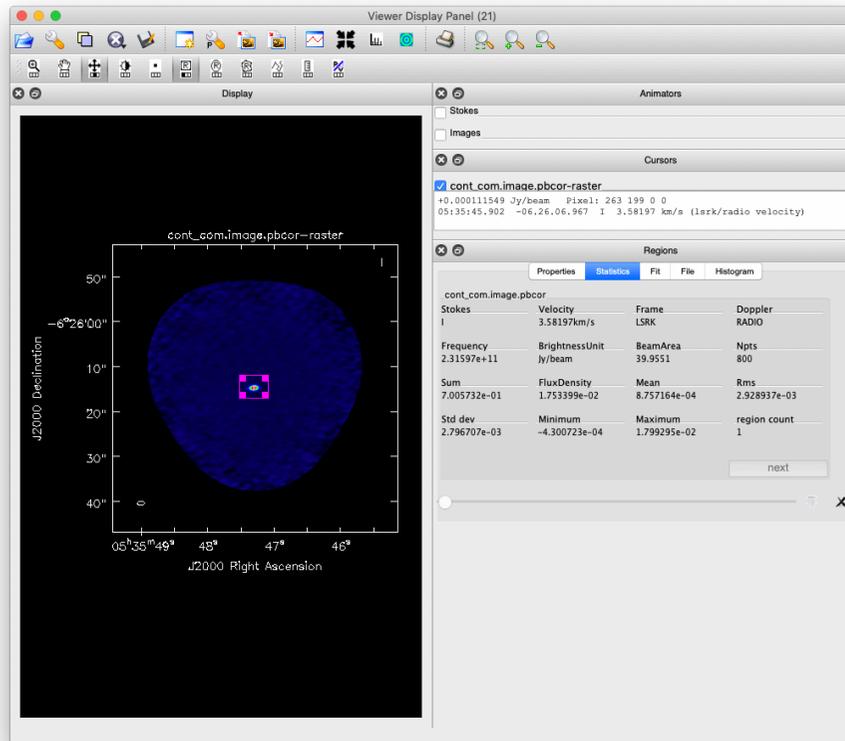
In this project, we combined 12m and 7m observation data.

Line data : ^{12}CO , ^{13}CO , C18O (rest freq. = 230.538GHz, 220.398GHz, 219.560GHz)
Continuum data

ALMA Band 6 - $\lambda = 1.3 \text{ mm}$

Combined	^{12}CO	^{13}CO	C18O	CONT
central freq.	230.511GHz	220.373 GHz	219.535 GHz	231.573GHz
Channel width	15.259kHz	15.259kHz	15.259kHz	15625kHz
Vel. resol	19.8 m/s	20.7 m/s	20.8 m/s	-
lambda	1.301 mm	1.36 mm	1.36 mm	1.301 mm
UVdis	250	250	250	-
Synthesis BEAM(resolution)	1.073	1.073	1.073	-
Primary (FOV)	22.3	22.3	22.3	-
Spw	0 - 6	0 - 6	0 - 6	0 - 6

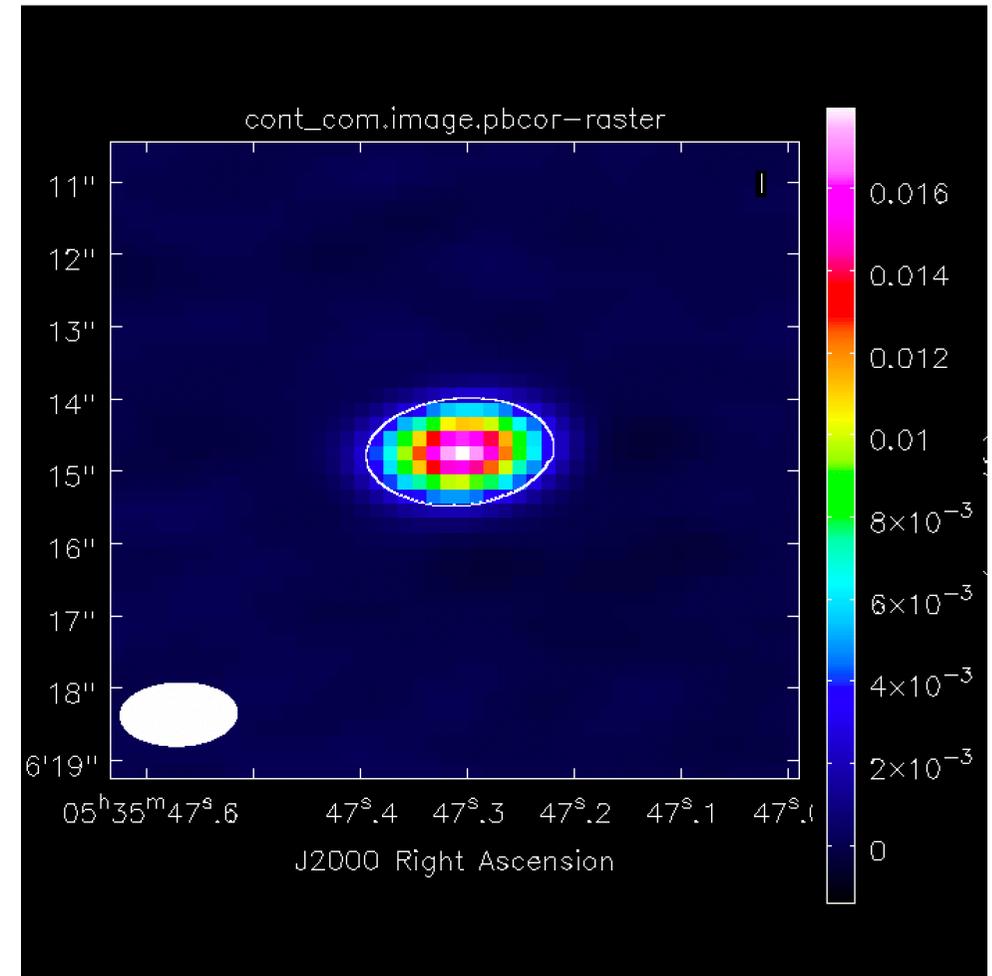
CONTINUUM



Flux Density

Continuum

0.001799 Jy



CONTINUUM

Disk Mass

$$M_{disk} = 0.06 M_{\odot} \frac{F_{\lambda}}{1Jy} \left(\frac{d}{100 pc} \right)^2 \frac{50 K}{\langle T \rangle} \frac{0.01 cm^2 g^{-1}}{\kappa_{1.3mm}}$$

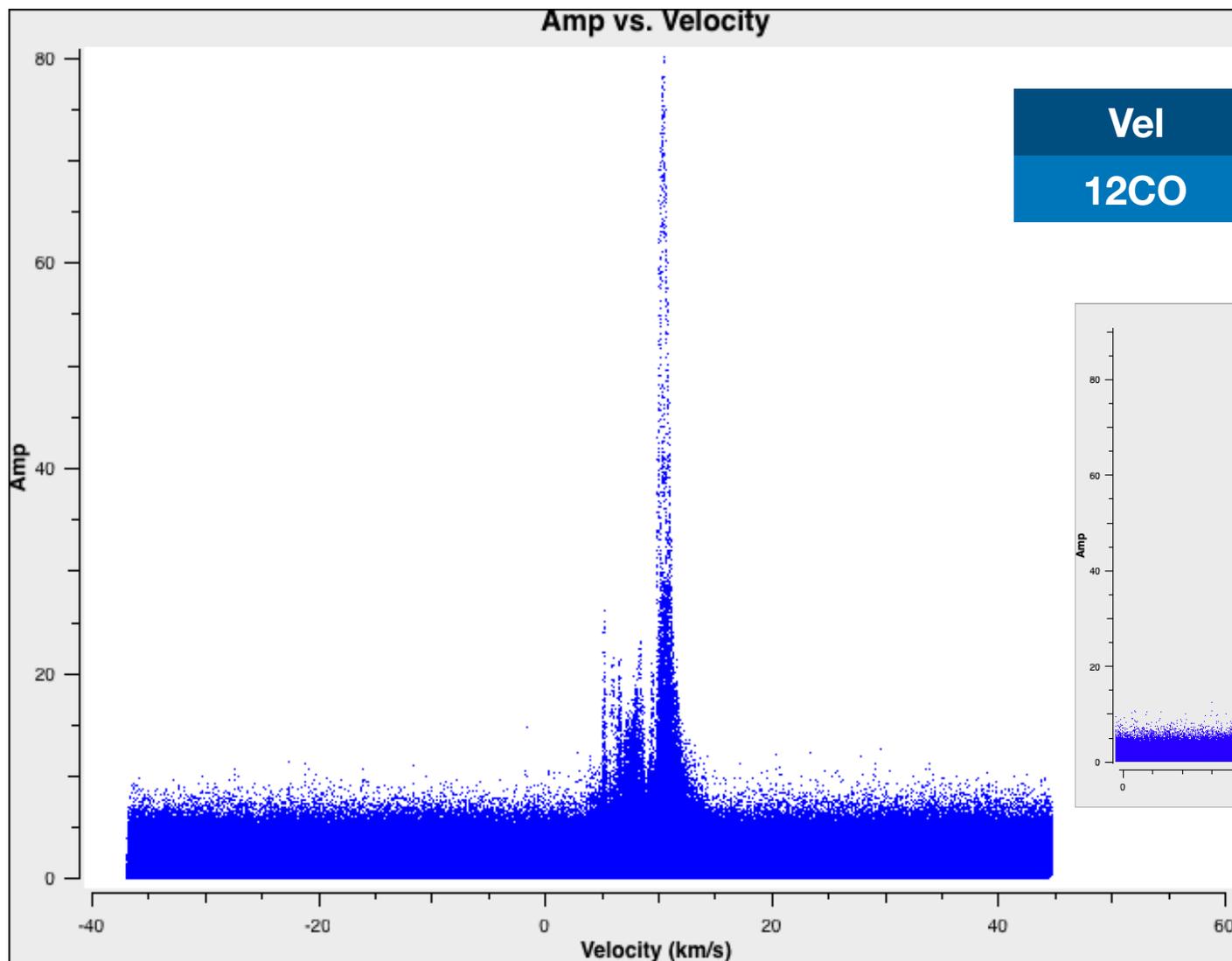
where , $d = 420 pc$, $\langle T \rangle = 30K$, $\kappa_{1.3mm} = 0.01$ [\(W. F. THI et al, 2001.\)](#)

From our result, the flux is measured as **0.018 Jy**

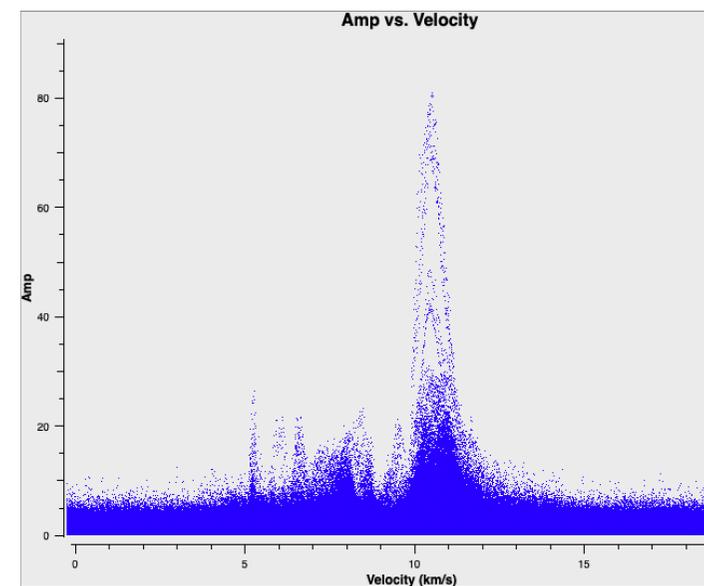
$$M_{disk} = 0.06 M_{\odot} \frac{0.018Jy}{1Jy} \left(\frac{420 pc}{100 pc} \right)^2 \frac{50 K}{30 K} \frac{0.01 cm^2 g^{-1}}{0.01 cm^2 g^{-1}} = 3.17 \times 10^{-2} M_{\odot}$$

The disk Mass = (Gas + Dust) Mass = **$3.17 \times 10^{-2} M_{\odot}$**

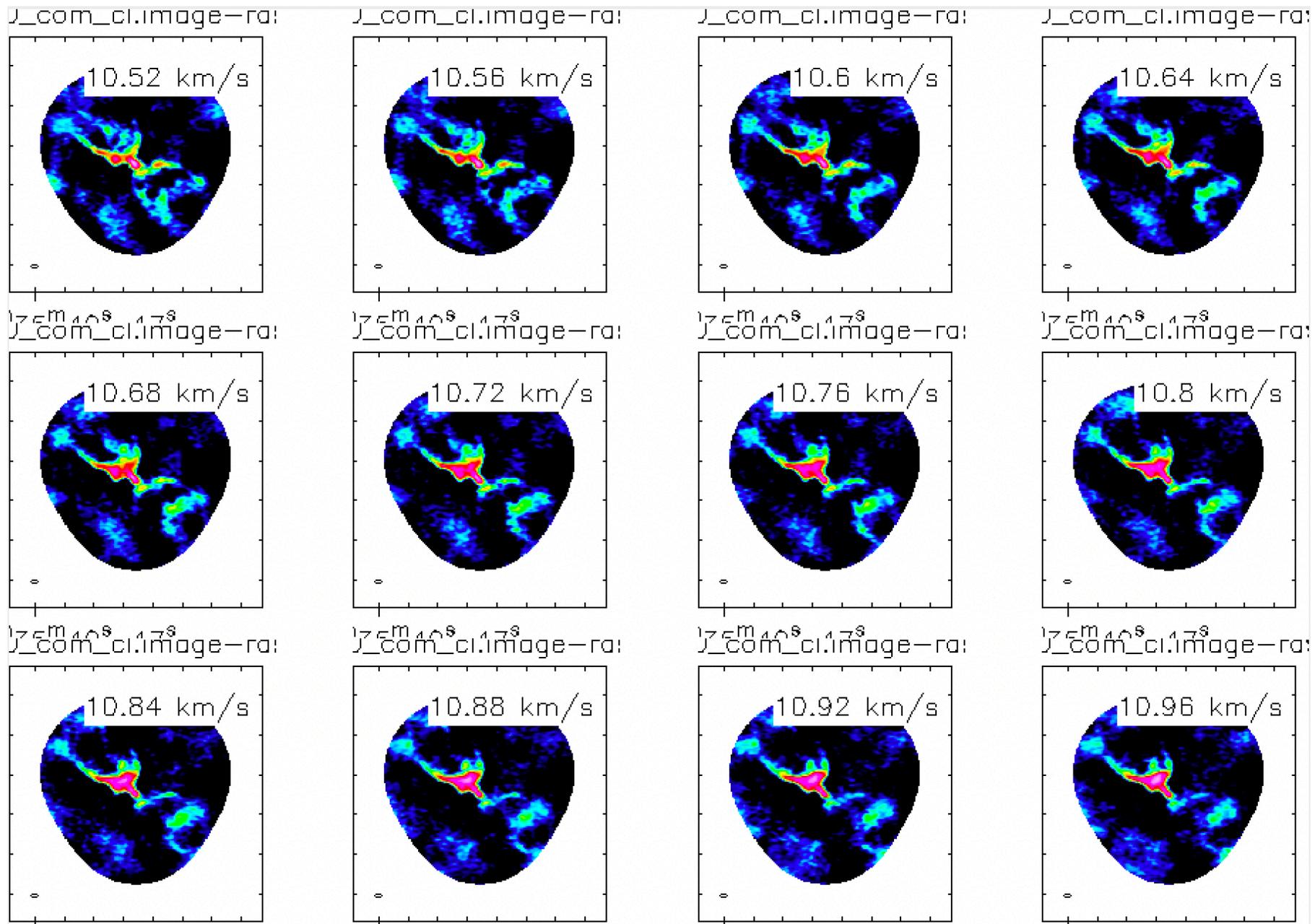
12CO LINE



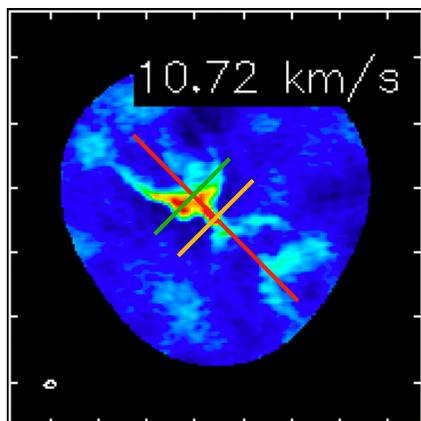
Vel	Start	End
12CO	3	15



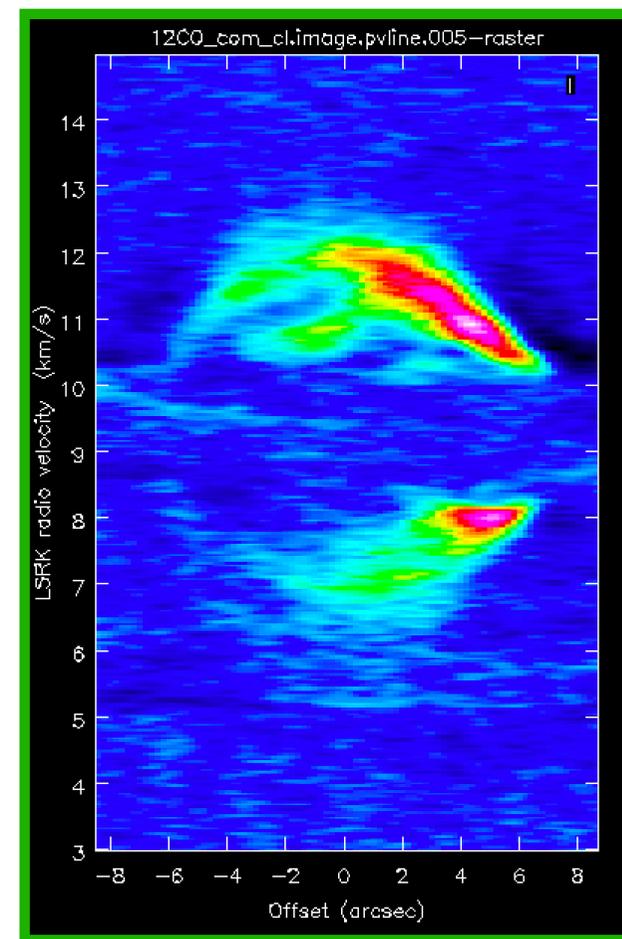
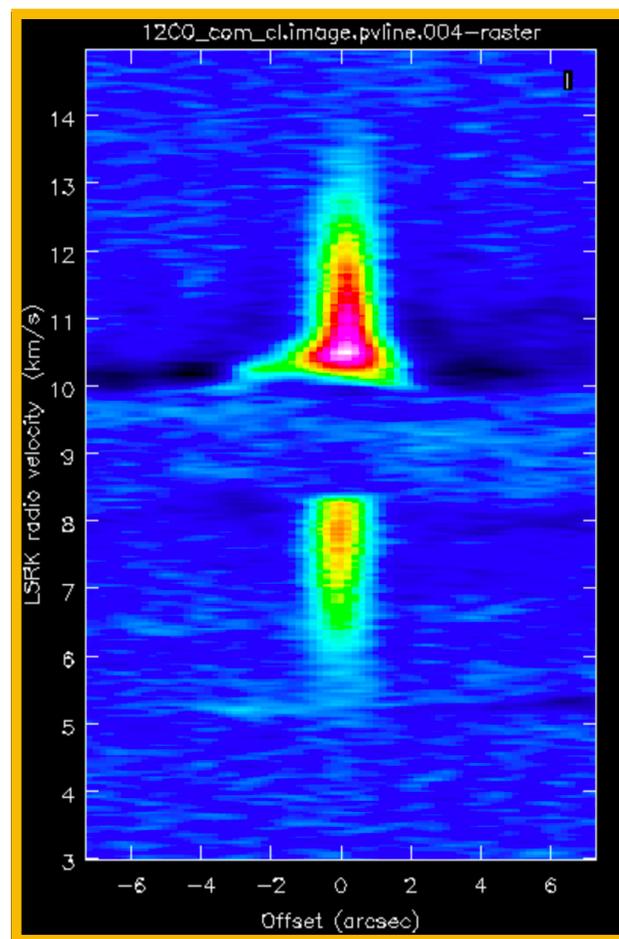
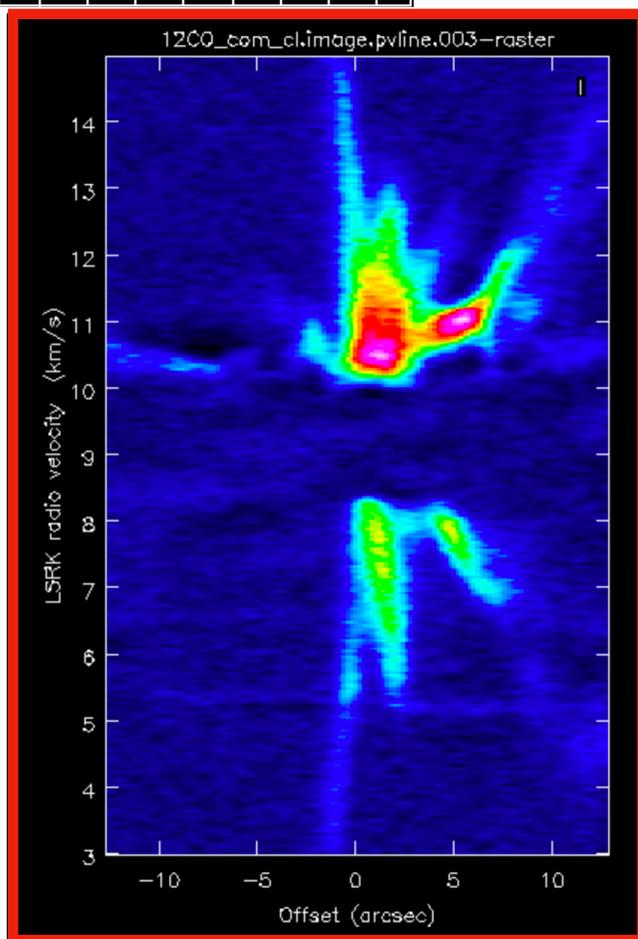
CHANNEL MAP



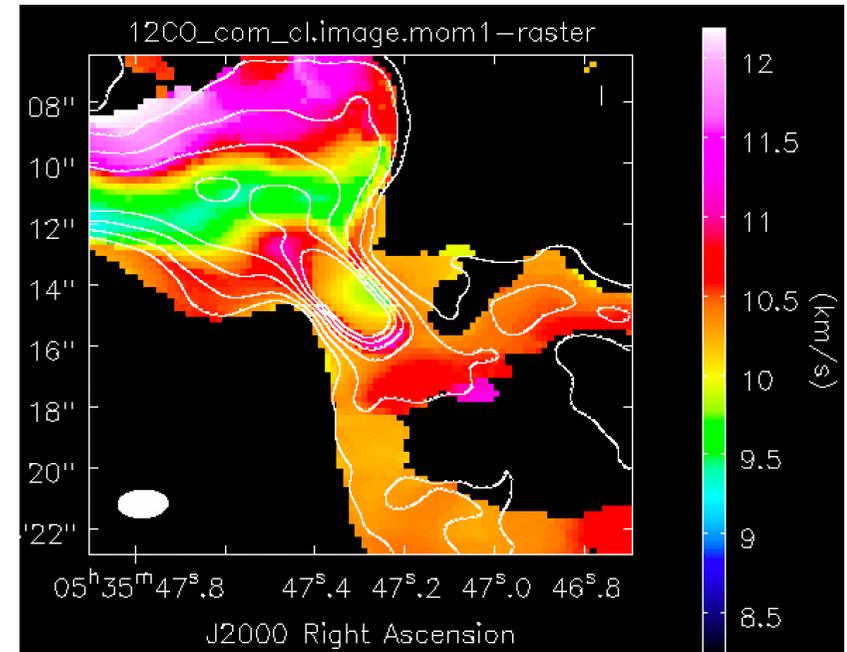
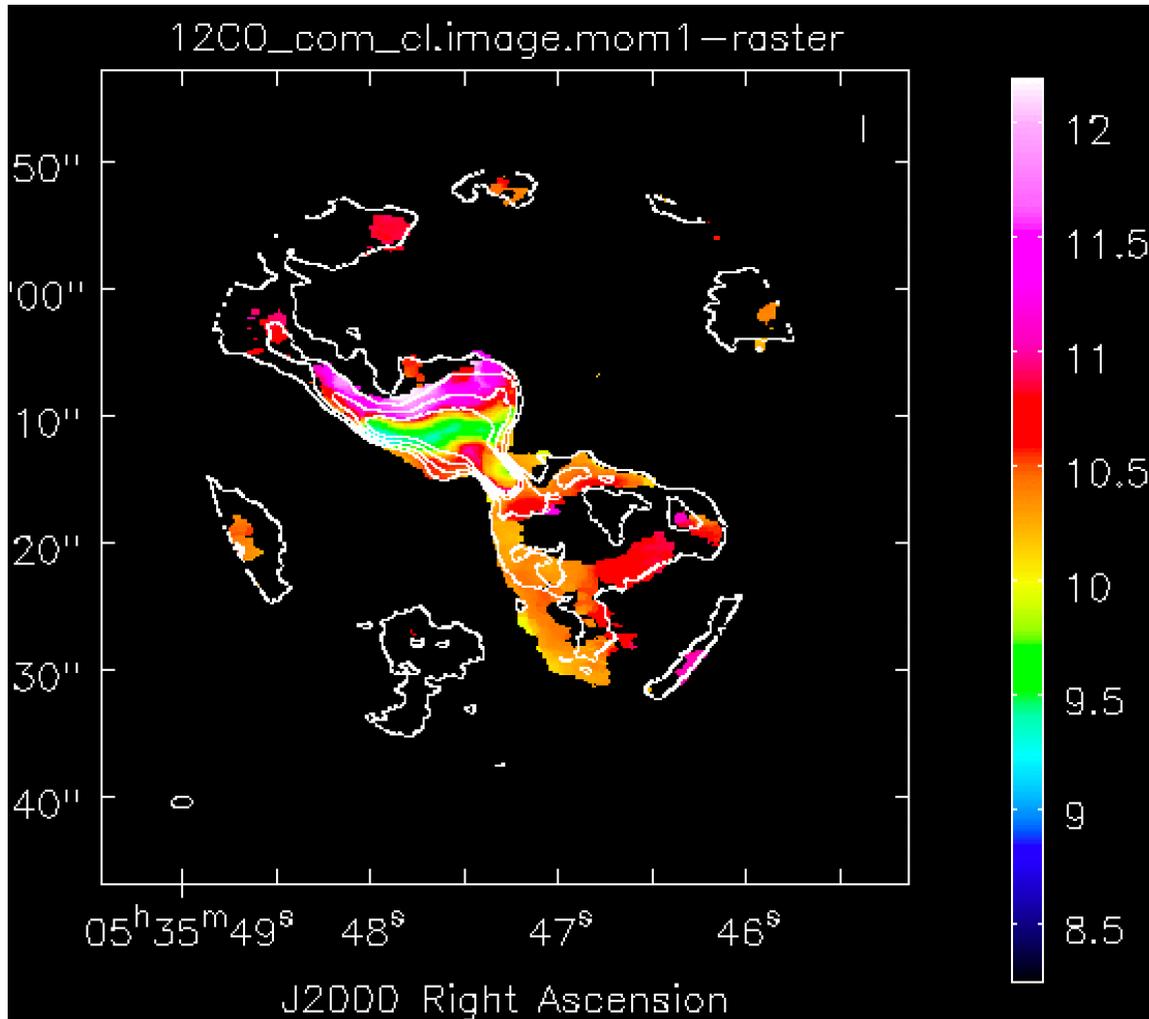
PV DIAGRAM



OUTFLOW + LOBE



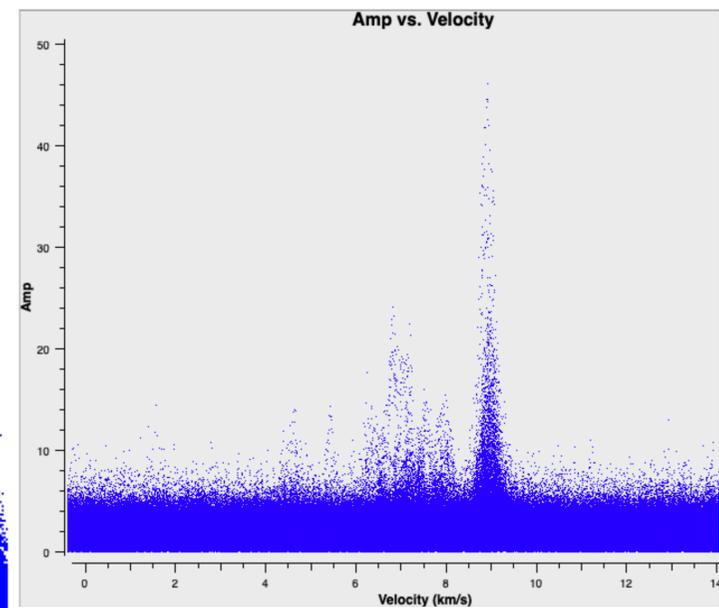
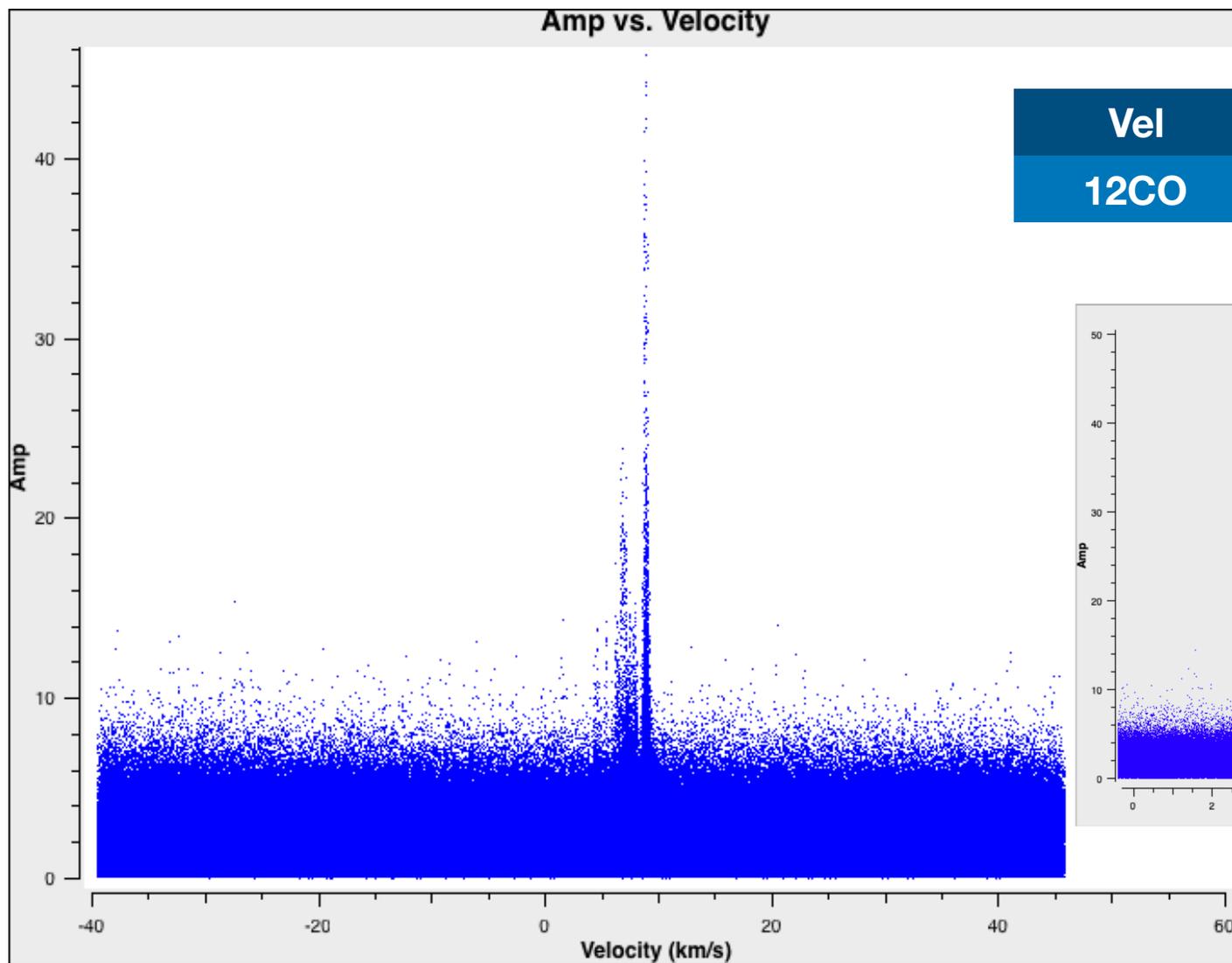
MOMENT MAP



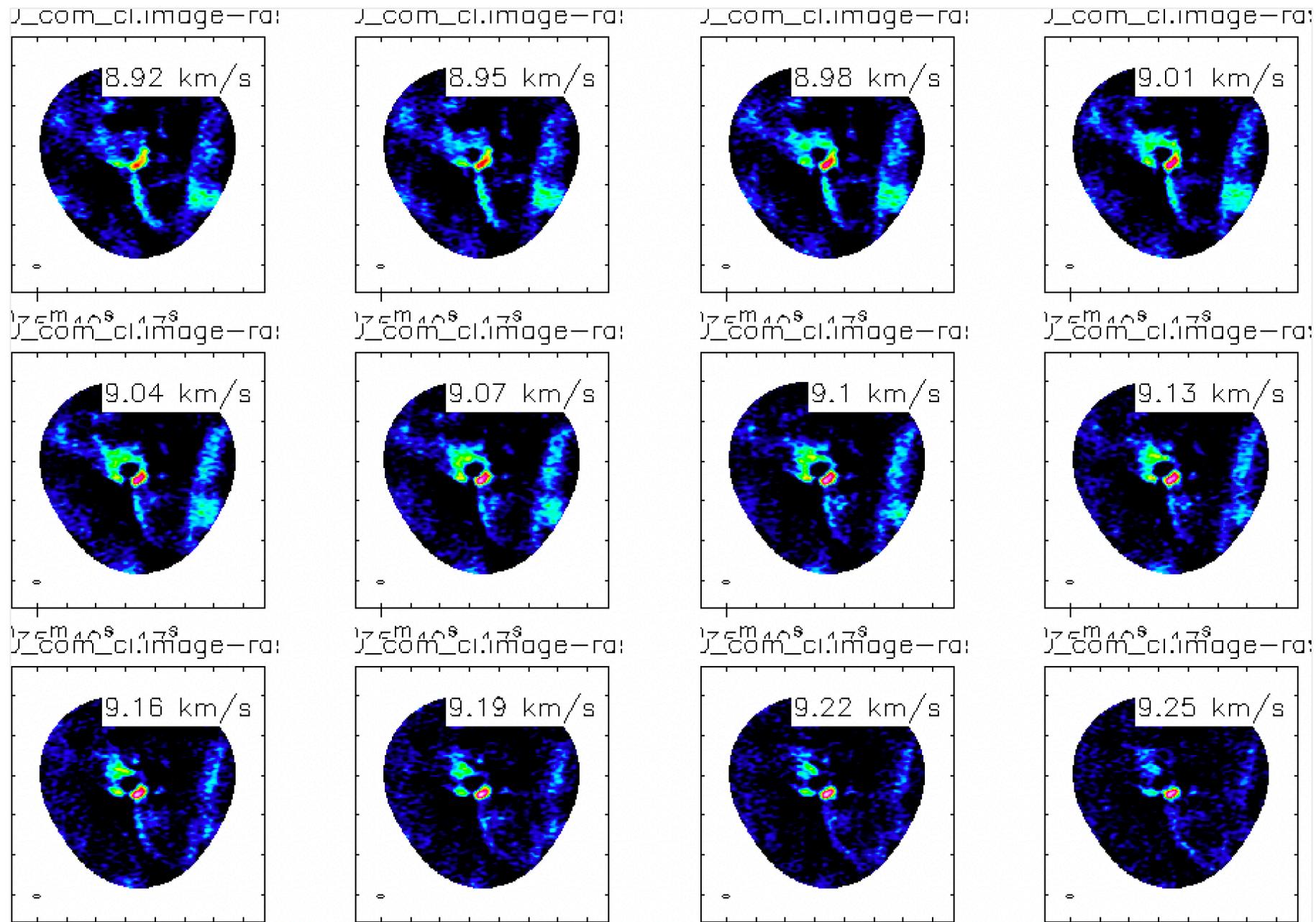
Systemic velocity ~ 9.2 m/s

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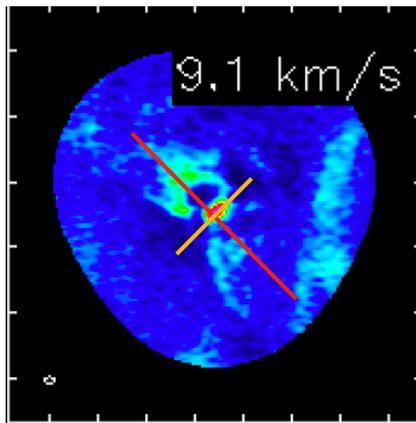
^{13}CO LINE



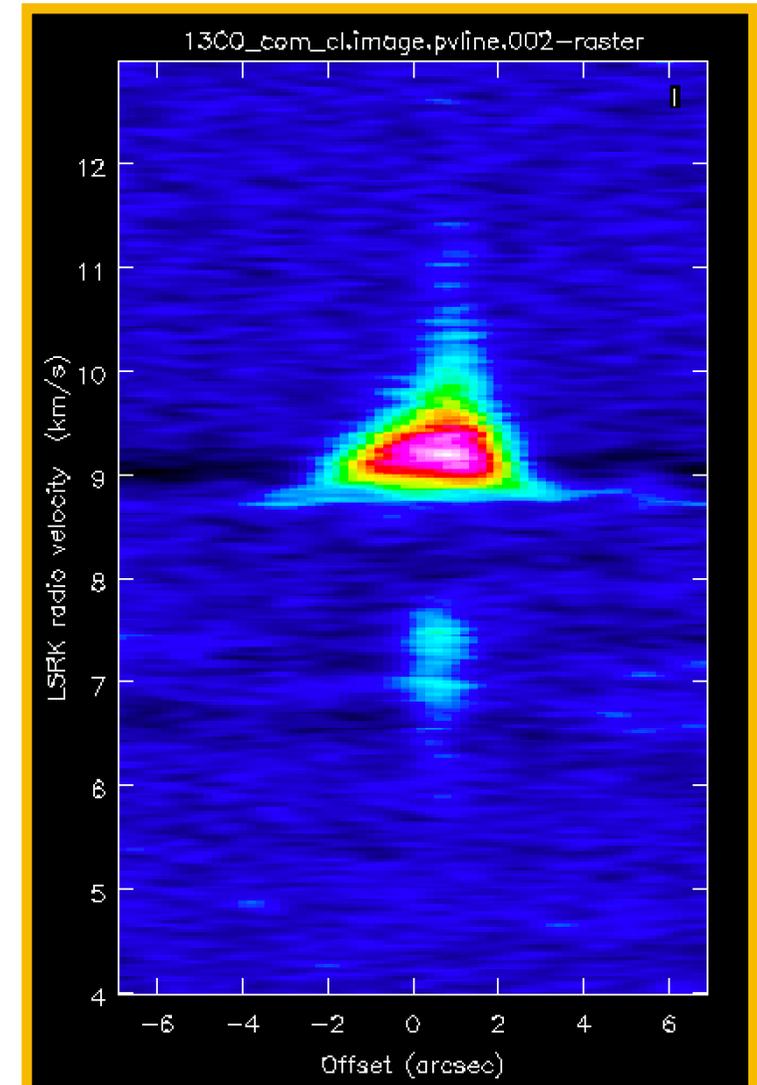
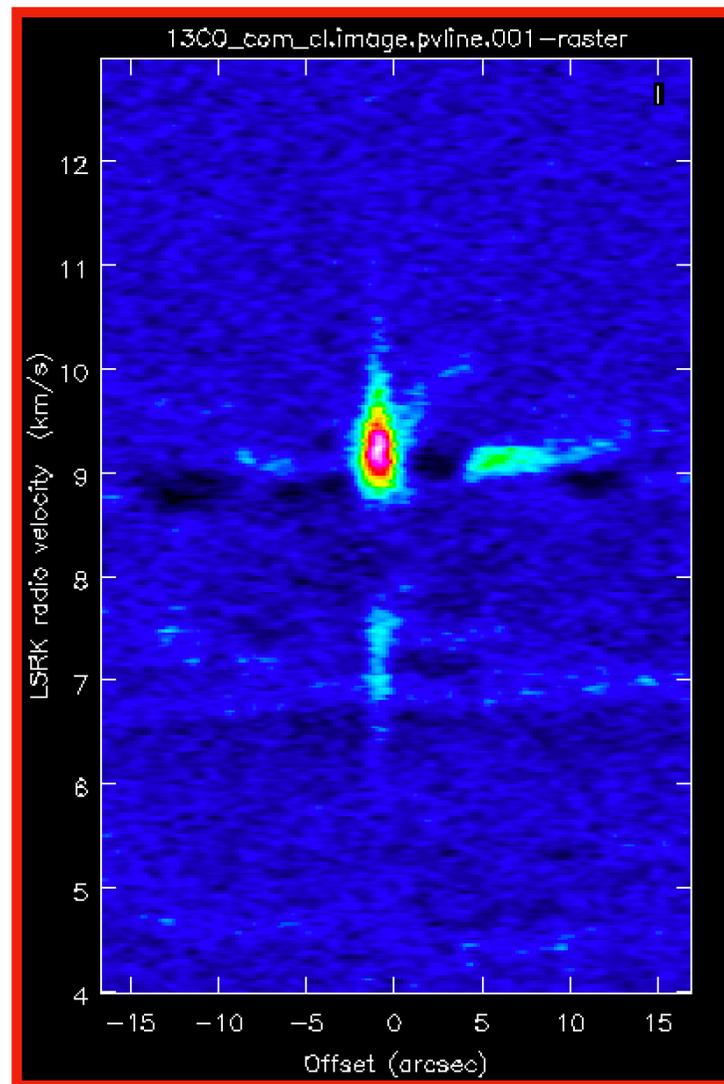
CHANNEL MAP



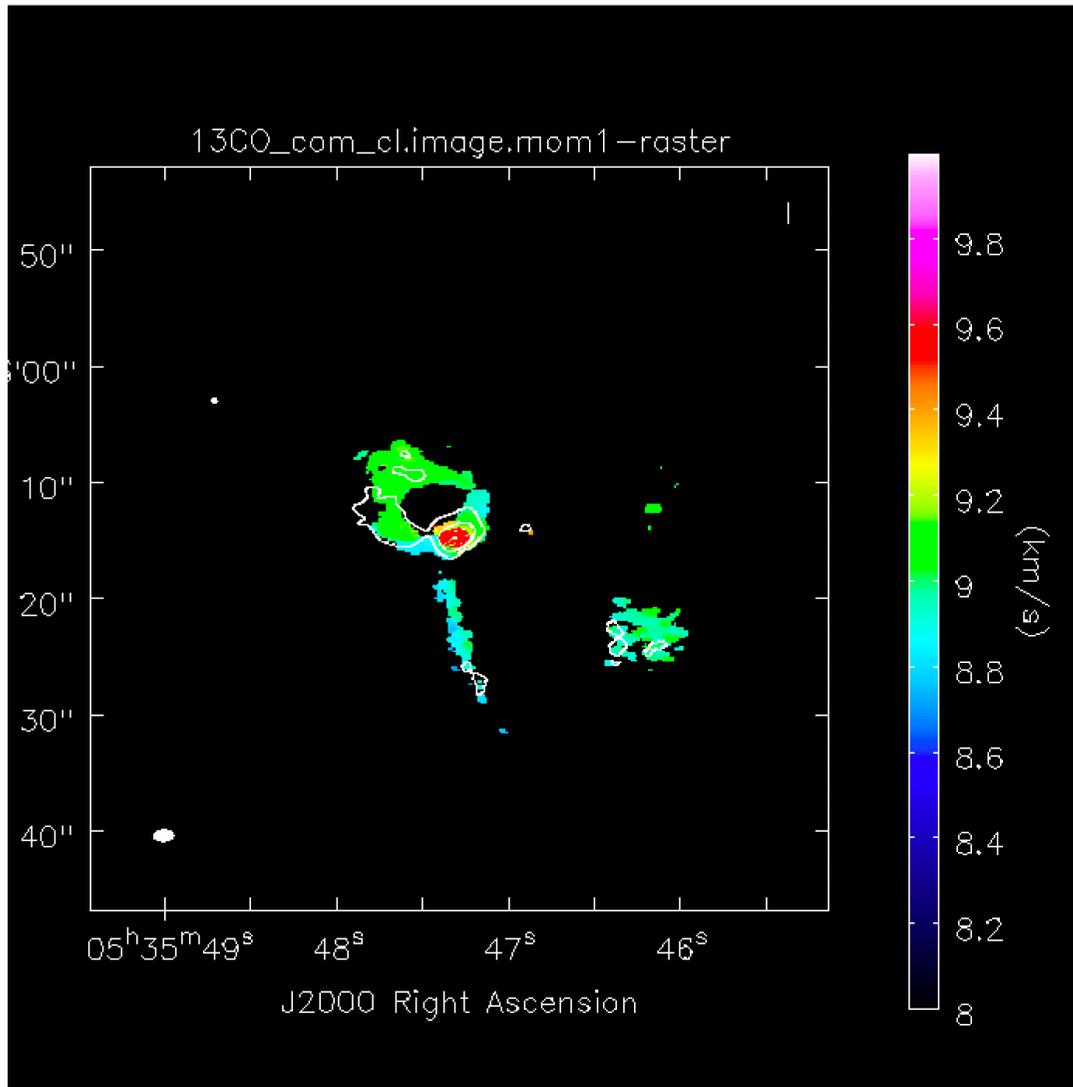
PV DIAGRAM



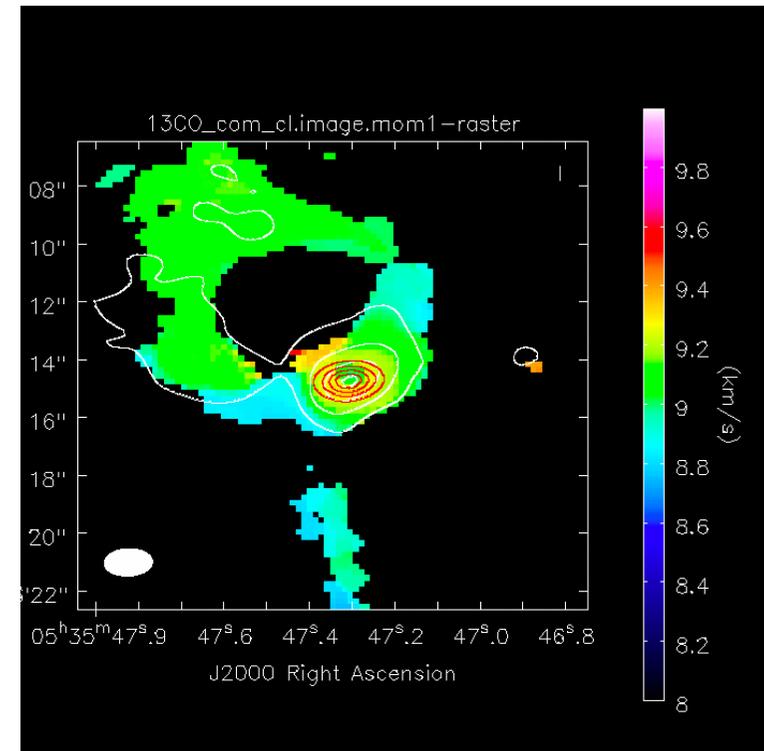
OUTFLOW
Near
Launching Part



MOMENT MAP

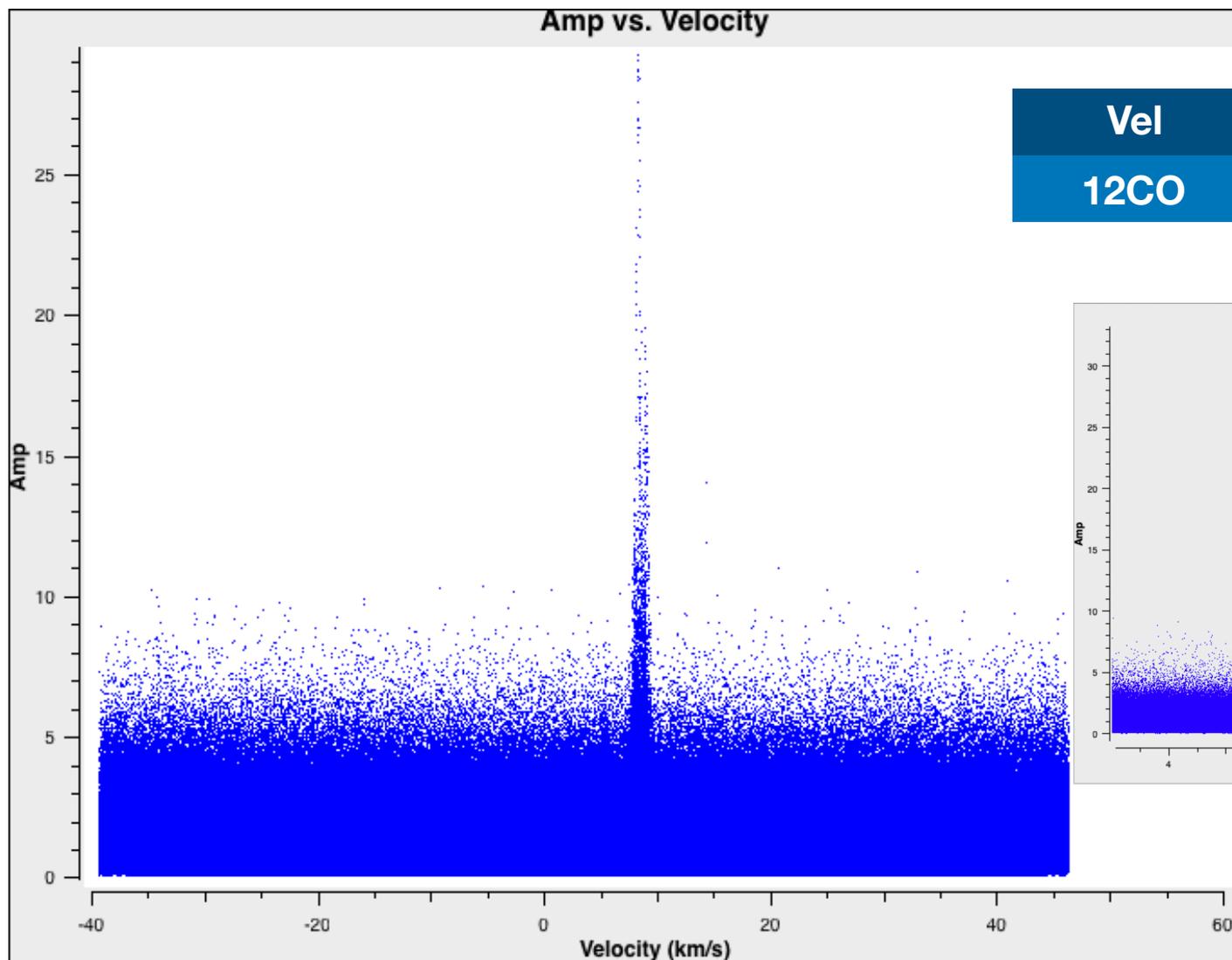


Systemic velocity ~ 9.2 m/s



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```

C180 LINE



Vel

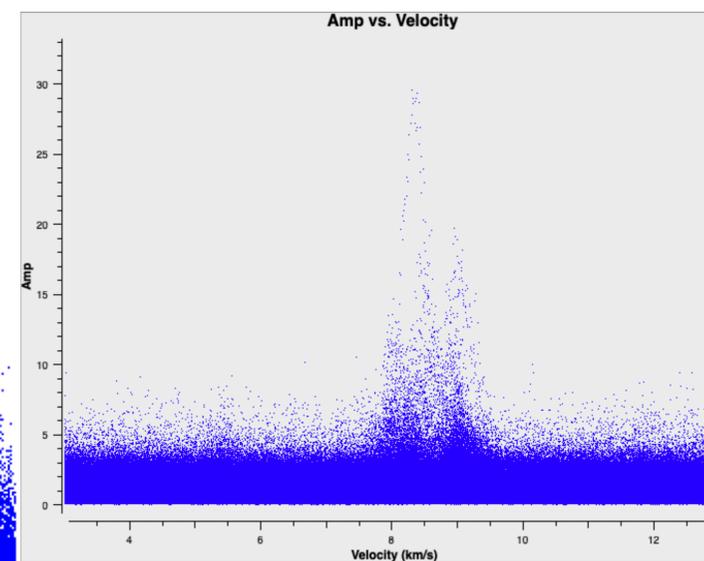
Start

End

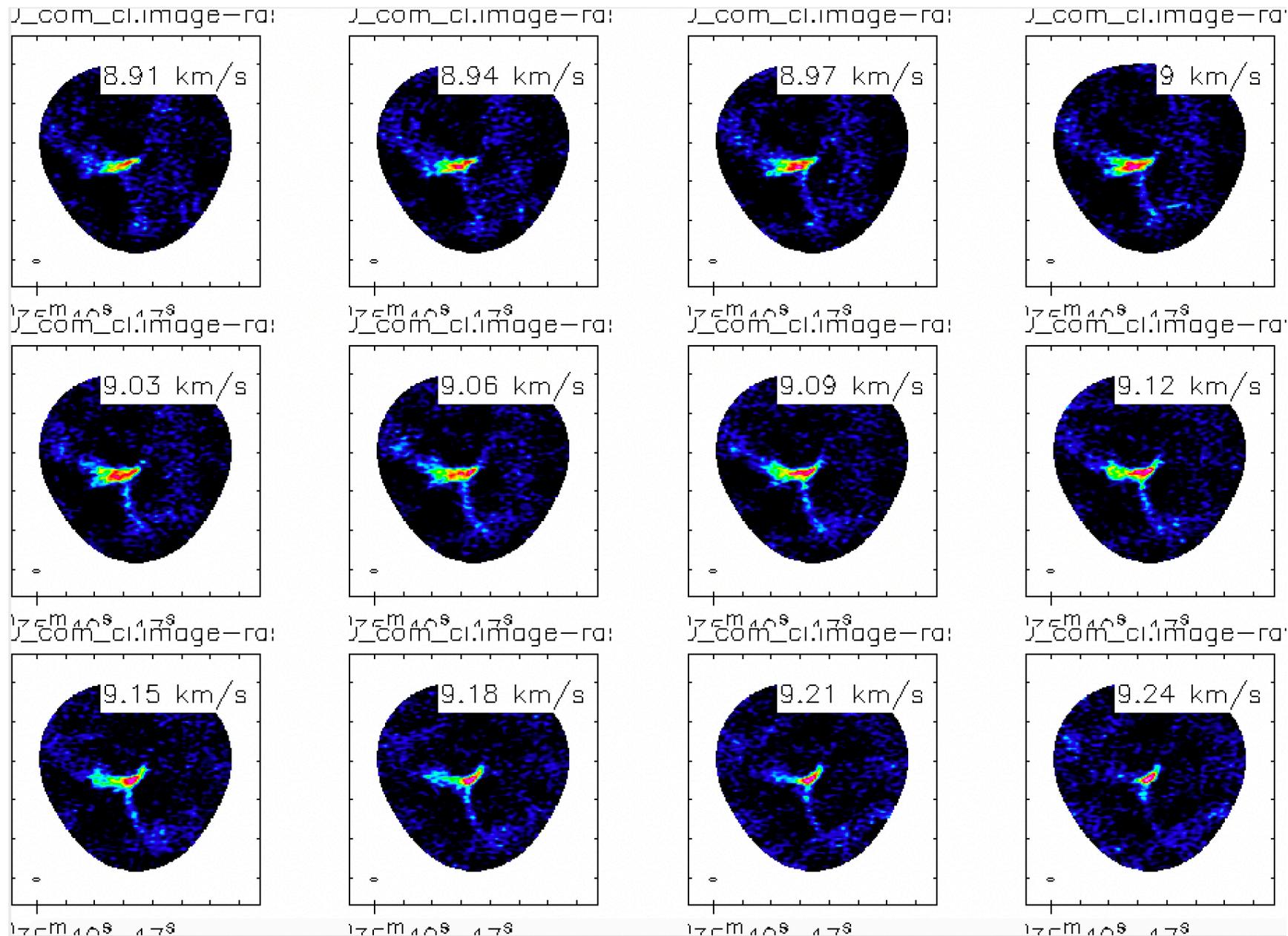
12CO

6

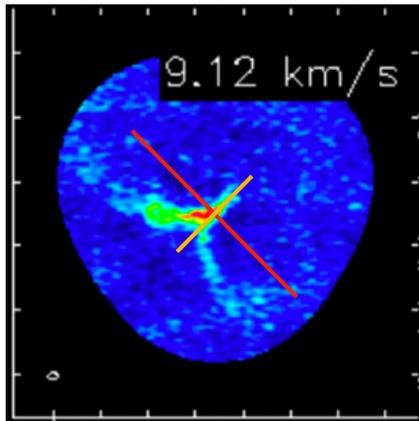
12



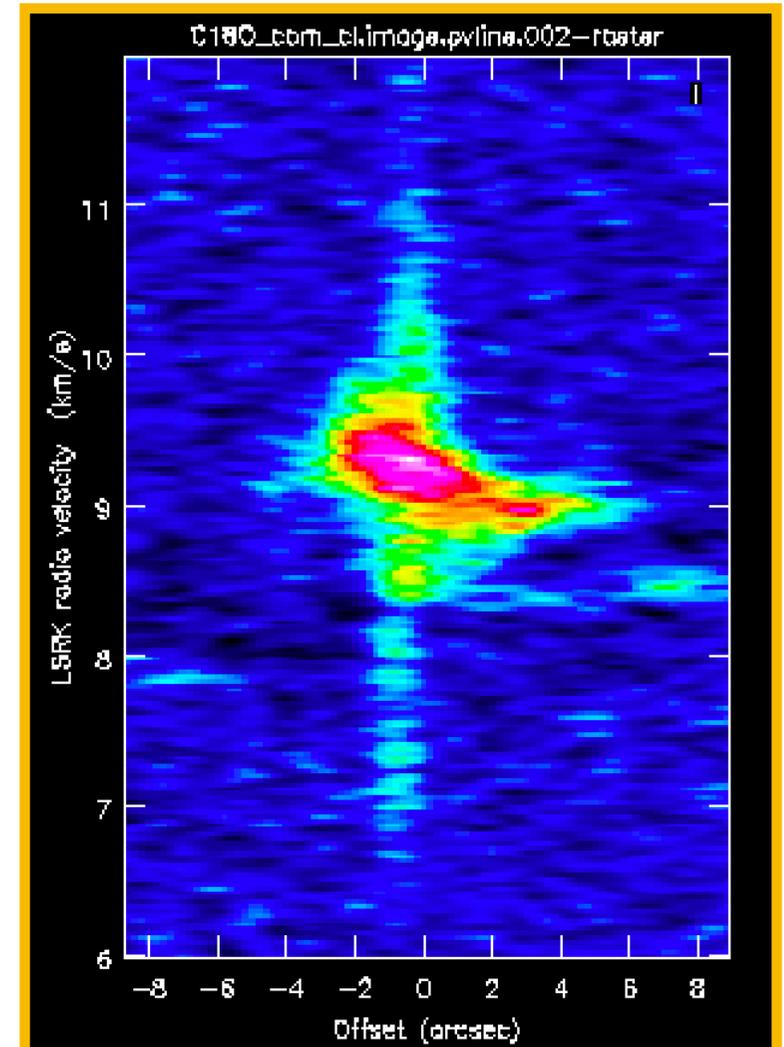
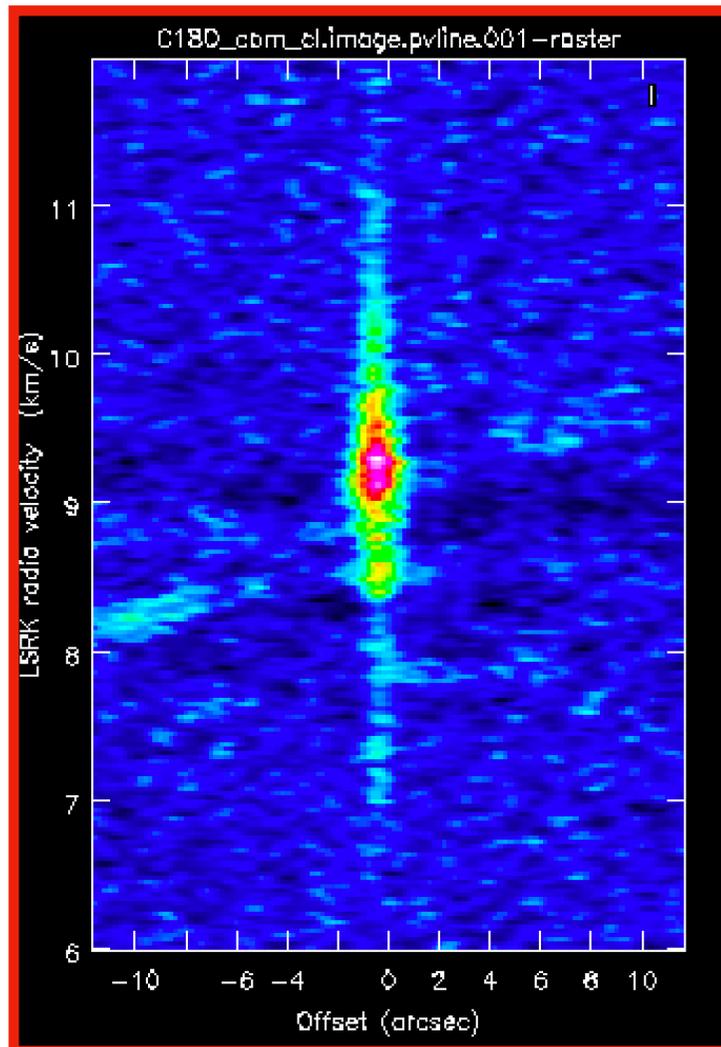
CHANNEL MAP



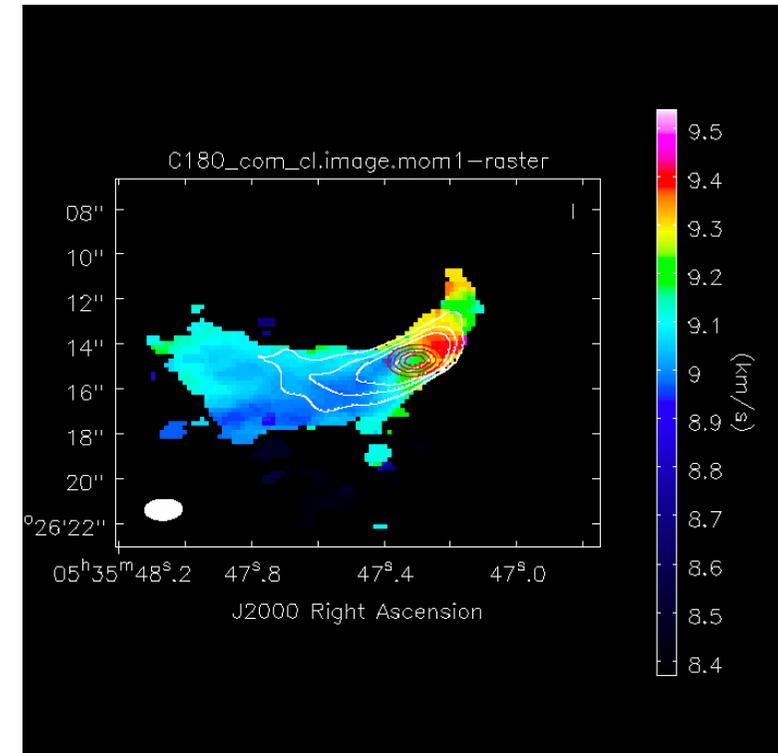
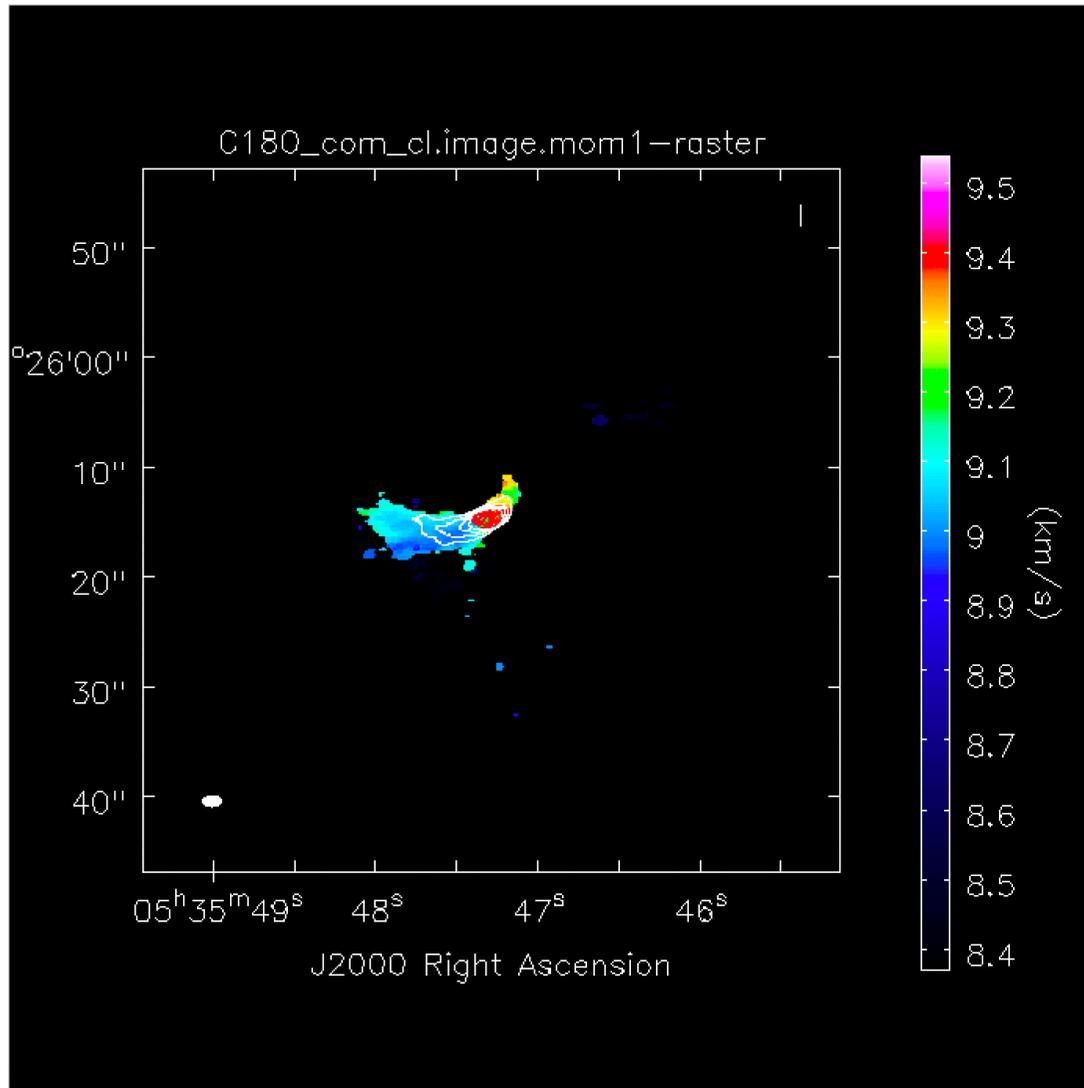
PV DIAGRAM



**Perpendicular
direction
velocity flow**



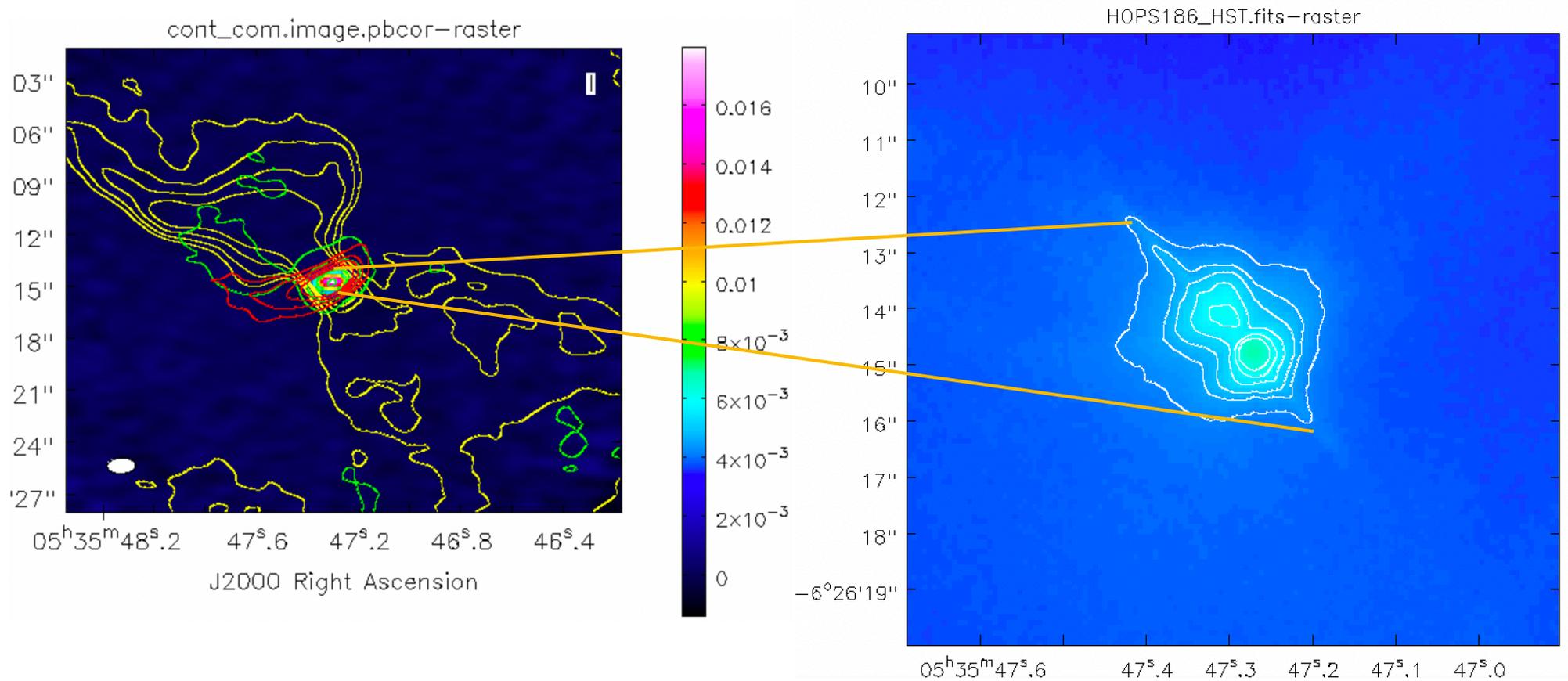
MOMENT MAP



Systemic velocity ~ 9.2 m/s

```
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```

RESULT



Yellow, green, and red contours denote ^{12}CO , ^{13}CO , and C^{18}O line respectively.

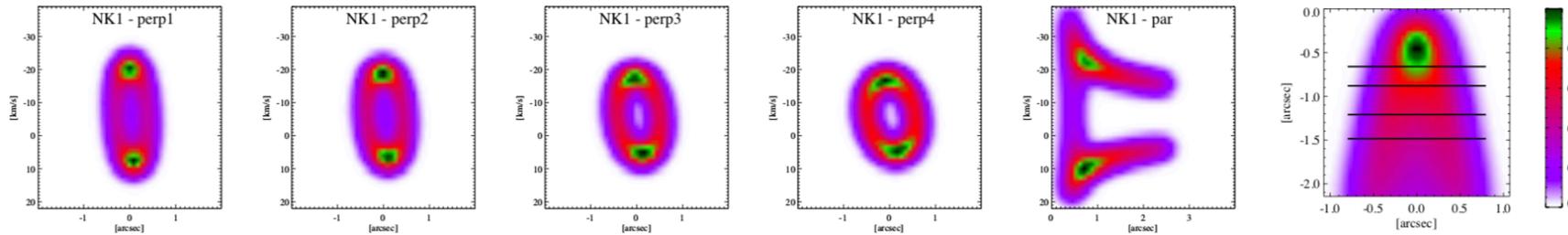
model	description
A	bow shock
B	rotating bow shock
C	bow shock + jet precession
D	bow shock + jet precession + velocity shear
E	rotating bow shock + jet precession + velocity shear

IMPROVEMENT

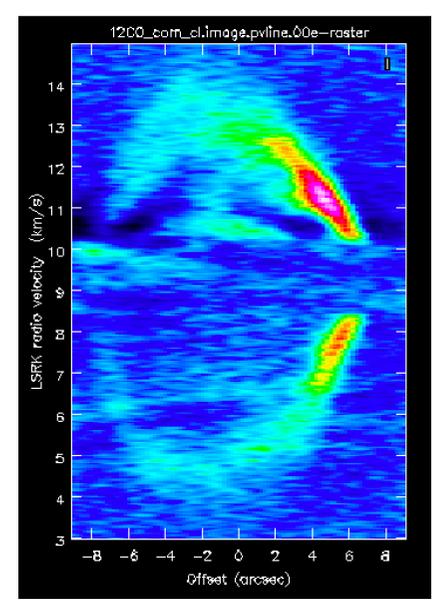
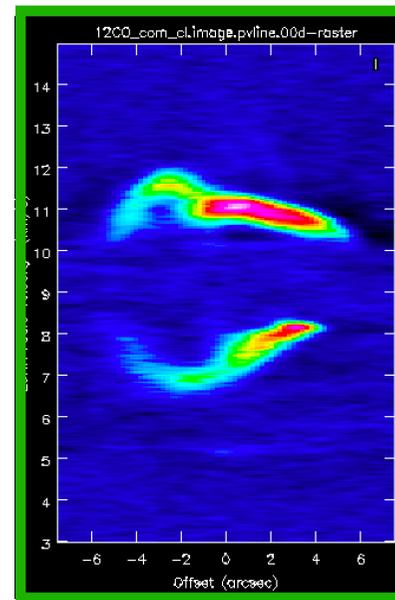
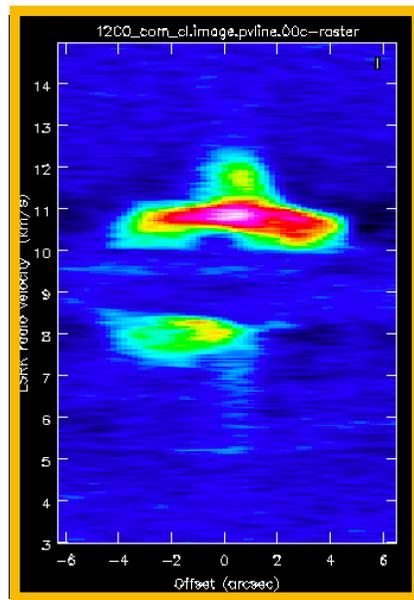
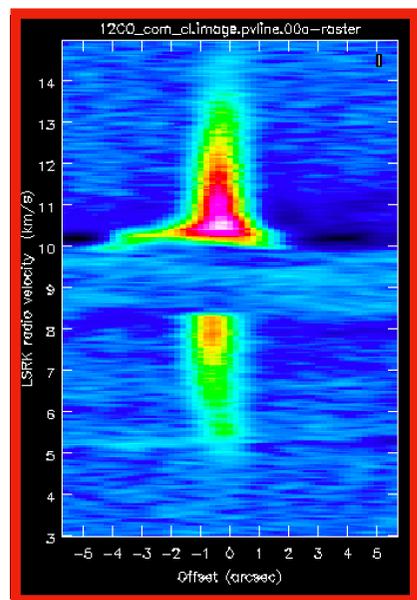
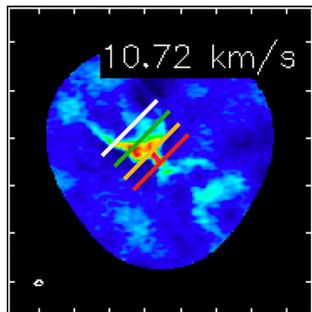
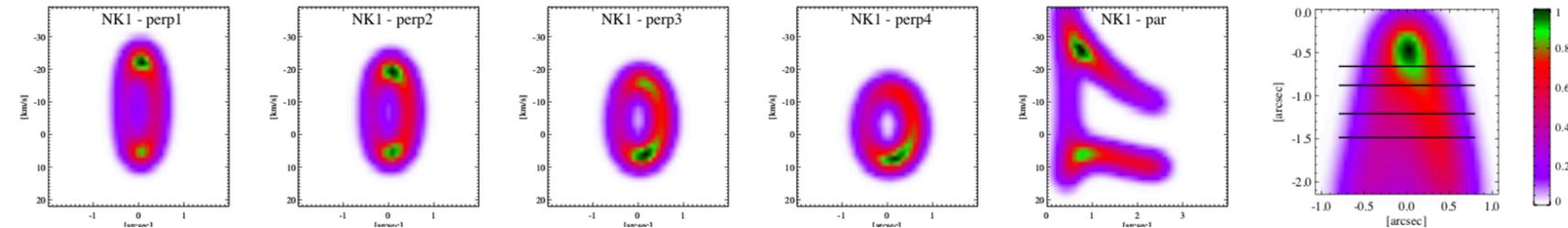
Outflow Rotation?

(S. Correia et al., 2009.)

B



C



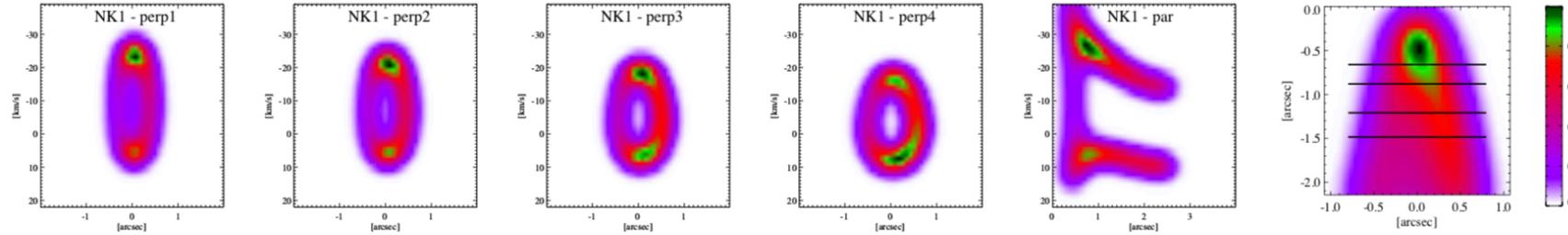
model	description
A	bow shock
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IMPROVEMENT

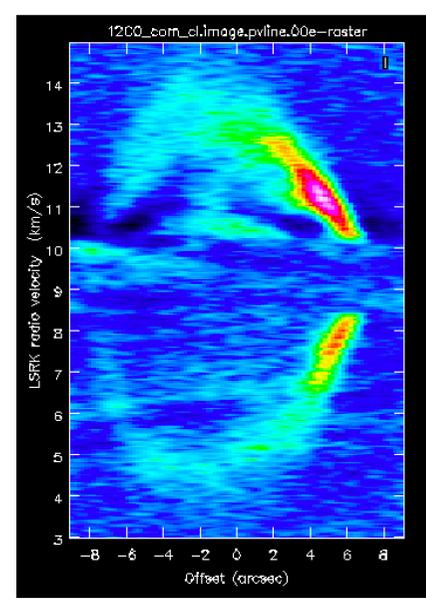
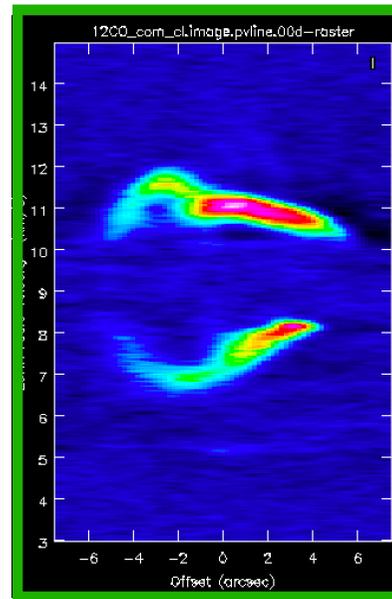
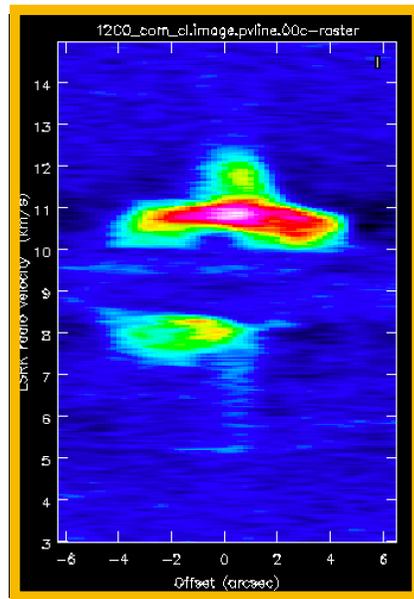
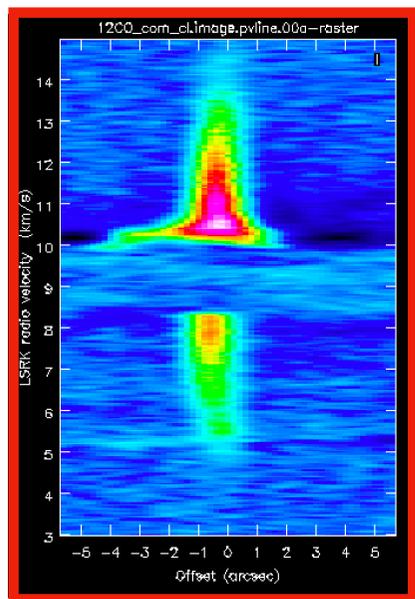
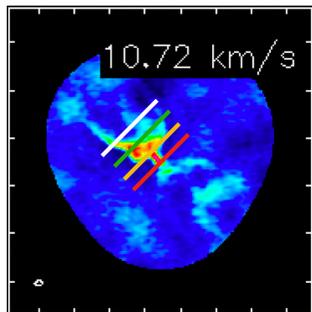
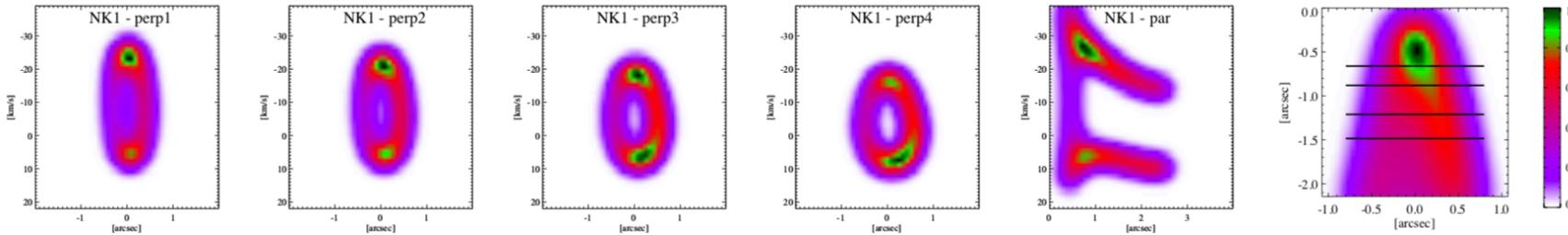
Outflow Rotation?

(S. Correia et al., 2009.)

D



E



SUMMARY

- 1. HOPS 186 data reduction with CASA**
- 2. Outflow lobe and bipolar jet component**
- 3. ^{12}CO , ^{13}CO shows outflow structure**
- 4. C180 traces central region**
(outflow + perpendicular direction velocity flow)
- 5. Outflow Rotation?**