

ALMA Science Highlights



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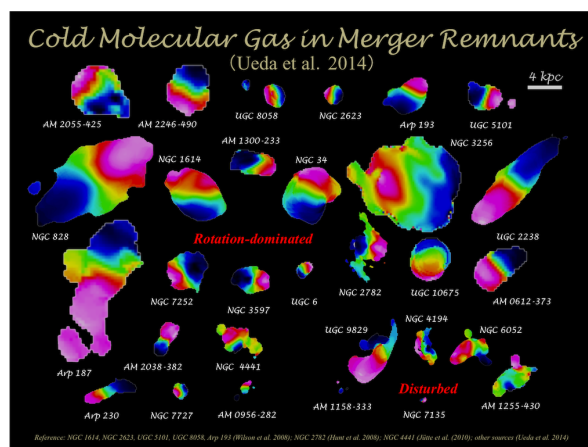


Goal of Full ALMA Operations

- ▶ Detect a redshifted [CII] 1.9THz line emission from MW-like galaxies at $z=3$ within 24h
- ▶ Image gas kinematics in 1Msun protostellar/protoplanetary disk at 150pc, thus studying physical, chemical, B-field structure of disk and detecting tidal gap by planet formation
→ Ji-hyun's talk
- ▶ Provide “precise” images at 0.1" resolution for all sources with elevation > 20deg (high image fidelity, inc. zero spacing, DR=1000)



Do Always Gas-rich Major Mergers Lead to Ellipticals?



1st moment (velocity) maps

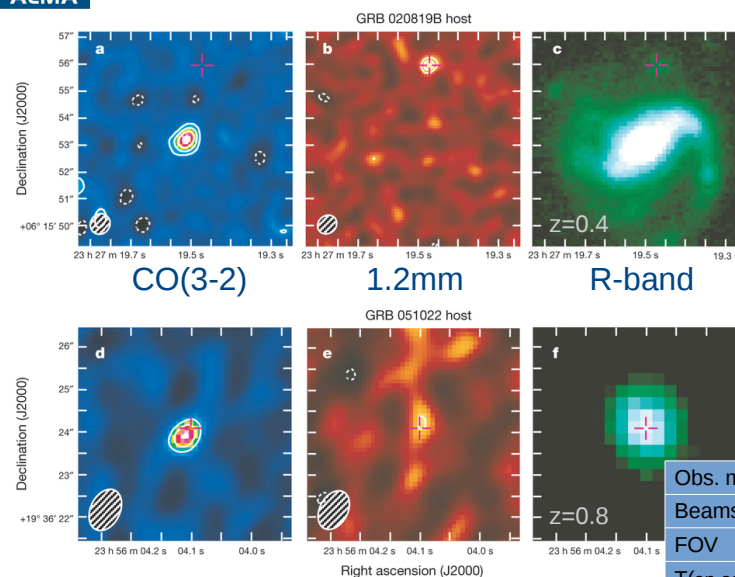
- Sub-kpc scale CO(1-0) survey for optically-selected merger remnants
- 21(39) mergers with ALMA (+CARMA & SMA)
- 80% show rotating molecular gas disk (compact or extended)
- Gas disk formation is very common after gas-rich mergers

Obs. mode	Band3 (115GHz) FDM
Beamsize	1" – 4" (<1 kpc)
FOV	~50"
T(on-source)	7 – 27min
Depth	2-5mJy per 20km/s

Ueda et al. (2014)



GRB Host galaxies



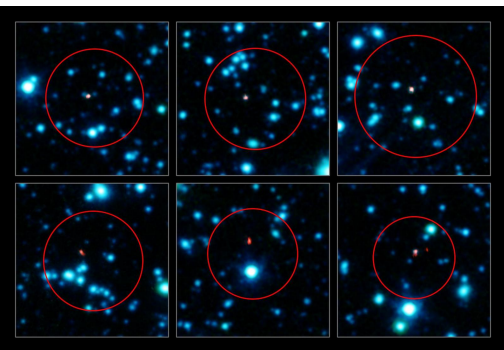
- First detection of CO emission from GRB hosts
- Gas-to-Dust Ratio:
G/D > 51-60 (host)
G/D < 9-14 (site)

Hatsukade et al. (2014)

Obs. mode	Band6 (250GHz) FDM
Beamsize	0.8" – 1"
FOV	~25"
T(on-source)	47 – 71min
Depth	0.04mJy per 7.5GHz



Pinpoint Fuzzy Submm Blobs



red circle: APEX 19'' beam
blue: IRAC 3.6μm
red: ALMA (1.5'')

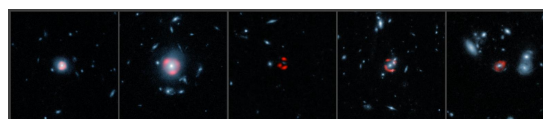
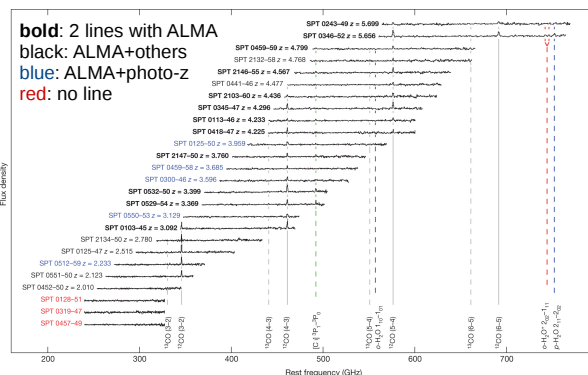
- Follow-up LESS sources in 870um
- LESS (LABOCA ECDIFS Submm): 126 sources from 310h on APEX12m
- Brightest SMGs are splitted into multiple sources
- Serendipitous [CII] detection

Obs. mode	Band7 (344GHz) TDM
Beamsize	~1.5'' (LESS: 19'')
FOV	17.3''
T(on-source)	2min per source
Depth	0.4mJy (LESS: 1.2mJy)

Hodge et al. (2013), Karim et al. (2013), Swinbank et al. (2013)



Blind Redshift Survey for Strongly Lensed Submm Galaxies



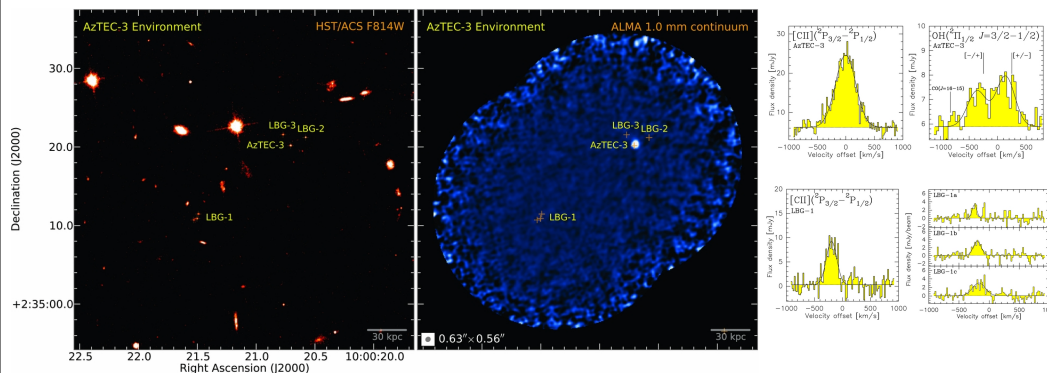
ALMA 3mm continuum on HST image
Vieira et al. (2013), Weiss et al. (2013)

- Blind 3mm spectral scan for 26 sources from South Pole Telescope survey
- Determine z distribution
- Multiple lines in 12 sources (23 detected in single)
- More $z > 4$ galaxies ($N > 10$) than previous studies

Obs. mode	Band3 spectral scan 5 tunings: 84-115GHz
Beamsize	(3"x5'') – (5"x7'')
FOV	45'' – 61''
T(on-source)	2min x 5 tunings per source
Depth	1.4mJy per (50 – 65km/s)



Line Detection of Typical galaxies in Proto-clusters at $z=5.2$



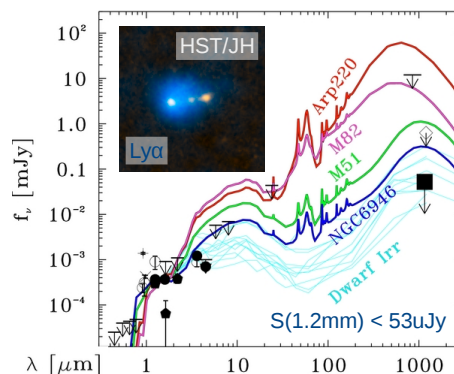
- [CII], OH line observations for a protocluster around SMG AzTEC-3 in COSMOS field
- [CII] detection for AzTEC-3 (starburst) and LBG-1 ("typical" galaxies)

Obs. mode	Band7 (300 GHz) FDM
Beamsize	~0.6"x0.6''
FOV	20'' (mosaicking)
T(on-source)	125min
Depth	50uJy per 7.5GHz

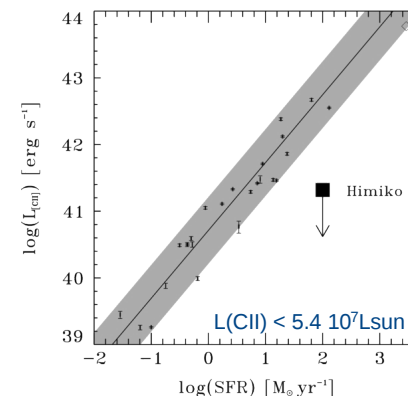
Riechers et al. (2014)



Primordial ISM in an infant galaxy



- Dust & [CII] observations for a triple merger system, Himiko at $z=6.595$
- Not detected despite $SFR = 100 M_{\odot}/yr$
- Very low dust content or primordial ISM near the end of re-ionization epoch

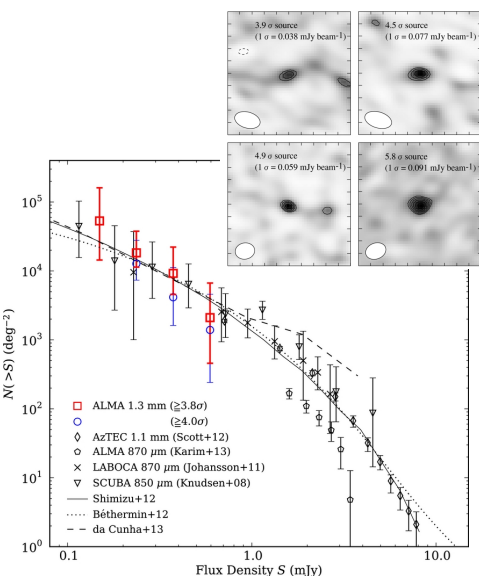


Obs. mode	Band6 (250GHz) FDM
Beamsize	0.6" x 0.8"
FOV	25''
T(on-source)	3.2h
Depth	17uJy per 19.4GHz 83uJy per 200km/s

Ouchi et al. (2013)



Resolve mm cosmic background



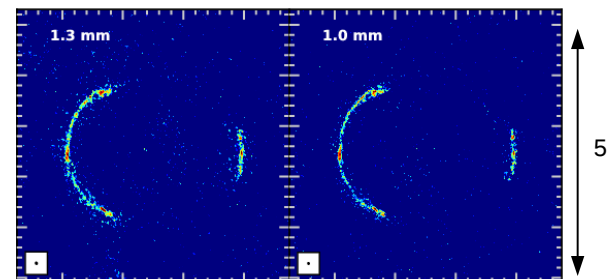
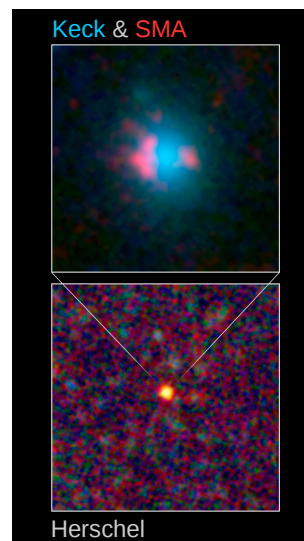
- ALMA 1.3mm number counts
- CO(5-4) line survey for 20 $z=1.4$ galaxies in SXDF
- Serendipitous detection of 15 sub-mJy sources with >0.15 mJy
- **~80% of backgrounds are resolved into individual galaxies**
- Good ALMA archival projects?

Obs. mode	Band6 (238GHz) FDM
Beamsize	0.6" – 1.3"
FOV	26"
T(on-source)	8 – 15min
Depth	0.04 - 0.10 mJy

Hatsukade et al. (2013), Ono et al. (2014)



Probing ISM in 180pc resolution at $z=3$



- ALMA Long Baseline Campaign 2014
- Lensed SMG SDP.81 at $z=3.04$ from H-ATLAS

Obs. mode	Band4/6/7 (151/236/290GHz) FDM
Beamsize	0.023" – 0.060" (baseline ~15km)
T(on-source)	5.9h/4.4h/5.6h (for good uv-cov.)
Depth	8/10/10 uJy

ALMA Science Verification Data, Vlahakis et al. (2015), Rybak et al. (2015)



In Cycle 3, ALMA can ...

- ▶ **Resolve molecular clouds in a nearby, star-forming galaxy:**
HCN mosaic of the full (4kpc) M83 bar with 30pc resolution **(3hr)**
- ▶ **Study black holes and their environments:**
Measure BH mass of NGC4526 using CO(2-1) kinematics **(1h)**
- ▶ **Detect the ISM in high redshift galaxies:**
Dust emission from ULIRGs (10^{12} Lsun) out to $z=10$ **(7min)**
- ▶ **Trace the formation of galaxy clusters, cosmic structure:**
Survey clustering in a sample of 23 Ly α blobs at $z=3.1$ **(1h)**



Summary: Extragalactic Science

- $\times 10$ sensitivity,
 $\times 4$ bandwidth &
sub-arcsec resolution are revolutionizing astronomy
- **New to ALMA & interferometry?**
 - Start with “A Primer for *Early Science (Cycle 3)*”
 - “Science-ready” products to be delivered
 - Ask help at EA-ARC Korean node in KASI