

2017 ALMA summer school

L1448 IRS1

Gwanjeong Kim @ group 5

Project title

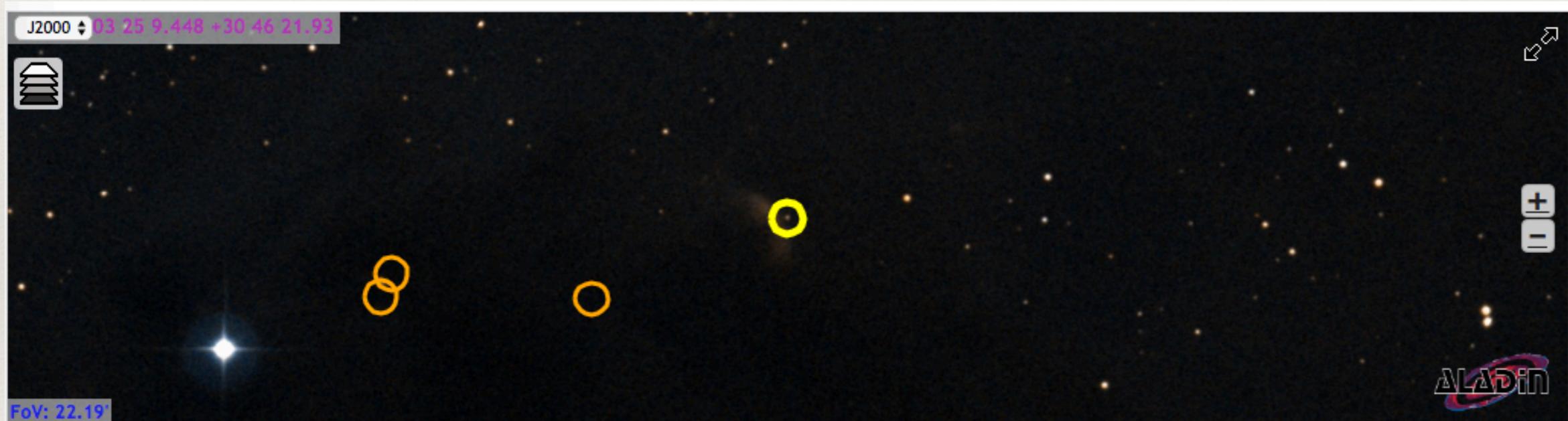
Are Close Binaries Formed through Disk Fragmentation?

PI name

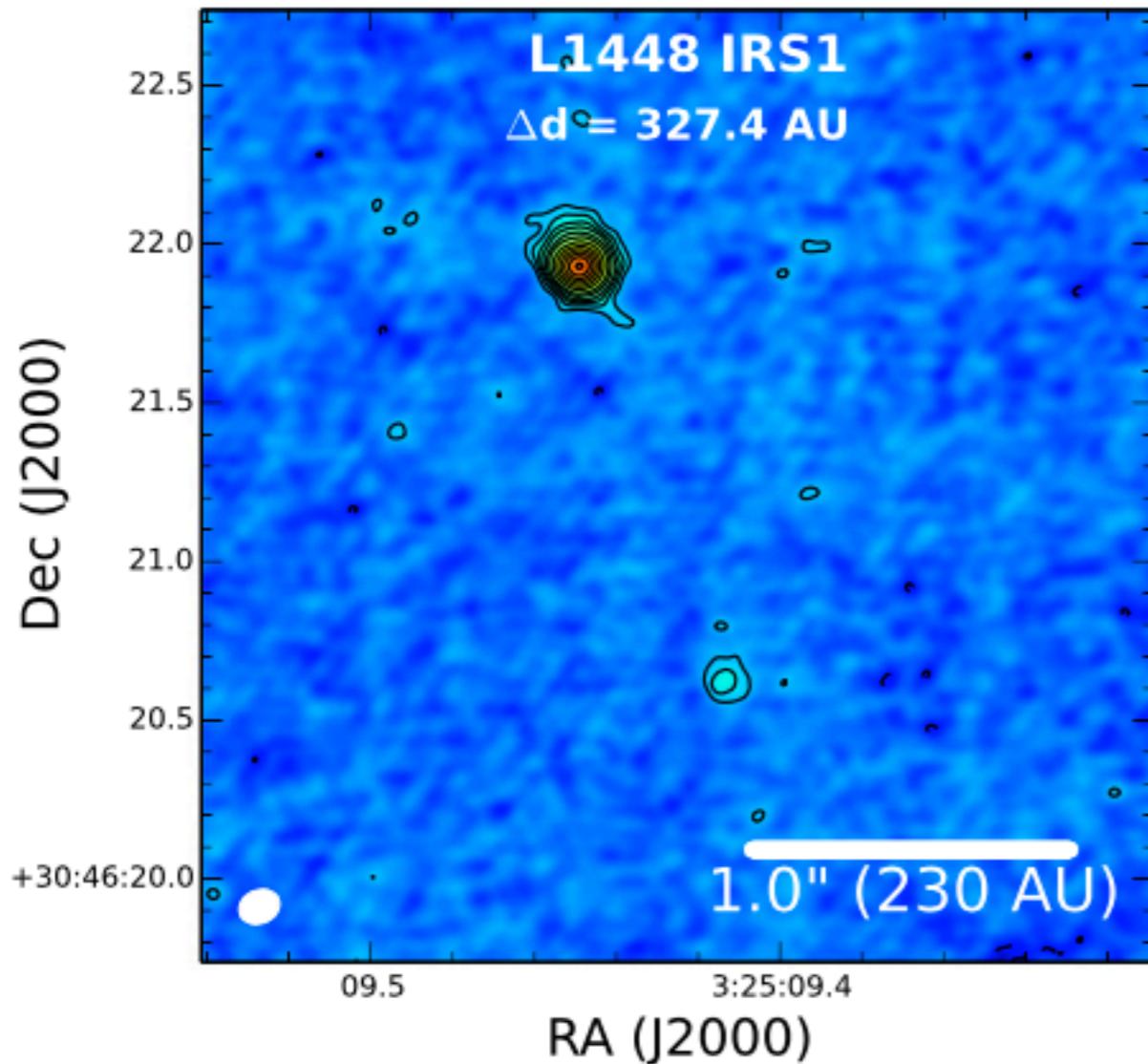
Tobin, John

Proposal abstract

Over 50% of sun-like stars are found in binary/multiple systems. Their formation is thought to occur during the early stages of the star formation process, but the formation mechanism remains unclear. The most likely possibilities are either disk fragmentation or turbulent fragmentation with dynamical evolution. To understand protostellar multiplicity, we have conducted a VLA 8 mm survey of all protostars ($N \sim 80$) in the Perseus molecular cloud ($d = 230$ pc) at a resolution of $0.3''$ (70 AU). With this unprecedented survey, we identified 17 close proto-binary systems with separations less than 500 AU, and of these, 14 are new discoveries. While these detections are significant, the VLA data do not convey their formation mechanism. Therefore, we propose to use ALMA to observe dust continuum and molecular line emission (C^{18}O , $\text{^{13}CO}$) toward these 17 sources to determine if these sources have circumbinary disks in the apparent dust continuum and we will use the molecular line maps to determine if the disks are rotationally-supported. This sample is large enough to reveal general trends as to whether or not binaries typically form via disk fragmentation or turbulent fragmentation.



| More columns | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|------|-------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|--|
| | Project code | Source name | RA | Dec | Band | Integration | Release date | Velocity resolution | Frequency support | Pub | |
| Filter: | | | H:M:S | D:M:S | | seconds | | m/s | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2013.1.00031.S | Per2_IRAS_03292+3039 | 03:32:17.93 | +30:49:47.7 | 6 | 175.392 | 2017-01-08 | 158.70 | 218.20..233.54GHz | 1 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2013.1.00031.S | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 03:25:09.45 | +30:46:21.9 | 6 | 175.392 | 2017-01-08 | 158.70 | 218.20..233.54GHz | 1 | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2013.1.00031.S | Per120 | 03:30:44.02 | +30:32:46.8 | 6 | 175.392 | 2017-01-08 | 158.70 | 218.20..233.54GHz | 1 | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2013.1.00031.S | Per12_NGC_1333_IRAS4A | 03:29:10.54 | +31:13:30.9 | 6 | 175.392 | 2017-01-08 | 158.70 | 218.20..233.54GHz | 1 | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2013.1.00031.S | Per17 | 03:27:39.10 | +30:13:03.1 | 6 | 175.392 | 2017-01-08 | 158.70 | 218.20..233.54GHz | 1 | |



| | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| L1448IRS1-A | 03:25:09.449 | +30:46:21.924 |
| L1448IRS1-B | 03:25:09.413 | +30:46:20.625 |

Class I Multiple Systems

| Source | Separation ('') | Separation (au) | Flux Difference (Log $[F_1/F_2]$) |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| L1448IRS1 | 1.424 ± 0.015 | 327.4 ± 3.5 | 1.02 ± 0.09 |

While we cannot reliably quantify our level of incompleteness, we do detect all the currently known infrared companions (i.e., EDJ2009-183 and L1448 IRS1 Connelley et al. 2008) and most millimeter companions (except for VeLLOs/candidate FHSCs). Furthermore, our observed CSF of Class I protostars

Fields: 1

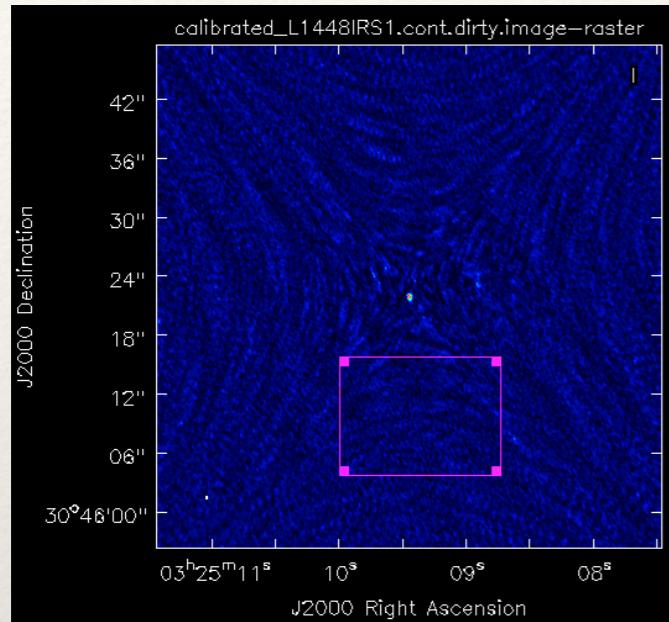
| ID | Code | Name | RA | Decl | Epoch | SrcId | nRows |
|----|------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-------|--------|
| 0 | none | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 03:25:09.448000 | +30.46.21.93000 | J2000 | 0 | 103530 |

Spectral Windows: (6 unique spectral windows and 1 unique polarization setups)

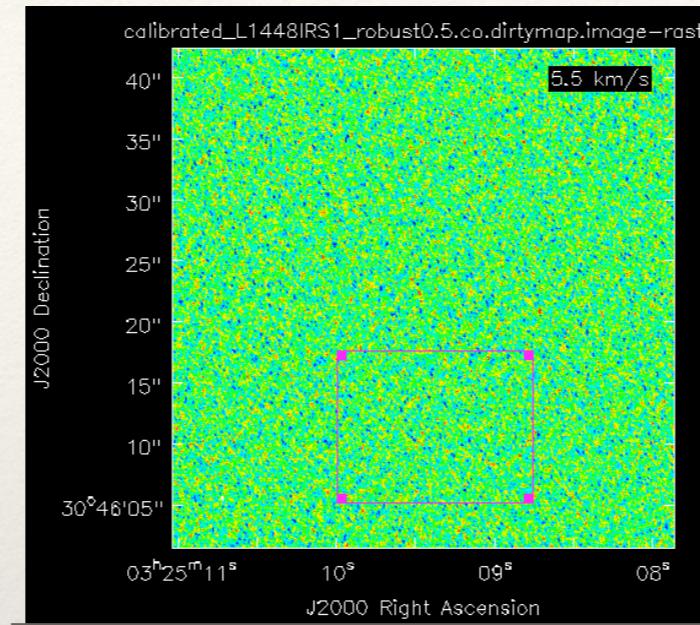
| SpwID | Name | #Chans | Frame | Ch0(MHz) | ChanWid(kHz) | TotBW(kHz) | CtrFreq(MHz) | BBC | Num | Corrs |
|-------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|
| 0 | ALMA_RB_06#BB_1#SW-01#FULL_RES | 1920 | TOPO | 219597.709 | -30.518 | 58593.8 | 219568.4275 | 1 | XX | YY |
| 1 | ALMA_RB_06#BB_1#SW-02#FULL_RES | 1920 | TOPO | 220436.088 | -30.518 | 58593.8 | 220406.8064 | 1 | XX | YY |
| 2 | ALMA_RB_06#BB_2#SW-01#FULL_RES | 960 | TOPO | 218259.496 | -61.035 | 58593.8 | 218230.2292 | 2 | XX | YY |
| 3 | ALMA_RB_06#BB_2#SW-02#FULL_RES | 960 | TOPO | 219986.791 | -61.035 | 58593.8 | 219957.5242 | 2 | XX | YY |
| 4 | ALMA_RB_06#BB_3#SW-01#FULL_RES | 1920 | TOPO | 230487.929 | 61.035 | 117187.5 | 230546.4920 | 3 | XX | YY |
| 5 | ALMA_RB_06#BB_4#SW-01#FULL_RES | 128 | TOPO | 231549.641 | 15625.000 | 2000000.0 | 232541.8290 | 4 | XX | YY |

Sources: 6

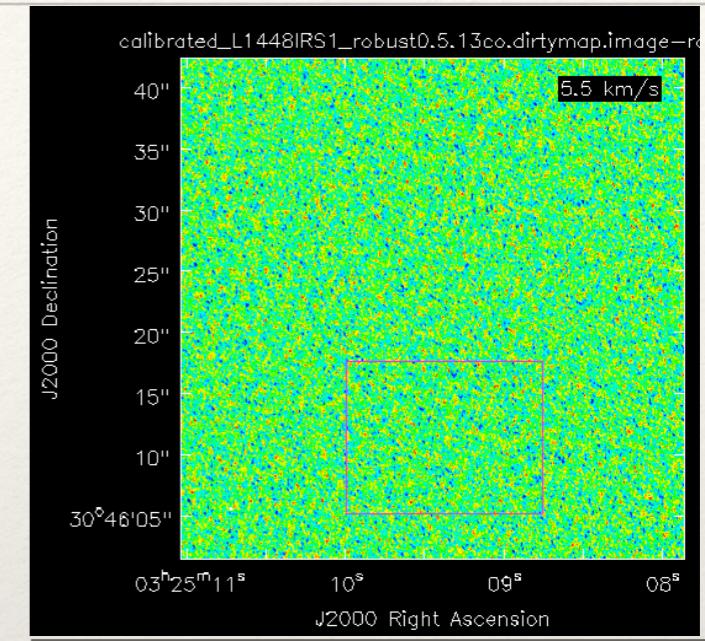
| ID | Name | SpwId | RestFreq(MHz) | SysVel(km/s) |
|----|-------------------|-------|---------------|--------------|
| 0 | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 0 | 219560.358 | 6 |
| 0 | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 1 | 220398.6842 | 6 |
| 0 | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 2 | 218222.192 | 6 |
| 0 | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 3 | 219949.442 | 6 |
| 0 | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 4 | 230538 | 6 |
| 0 | Per106_L1448_IRS1 | 5 | 232537 | 6 |



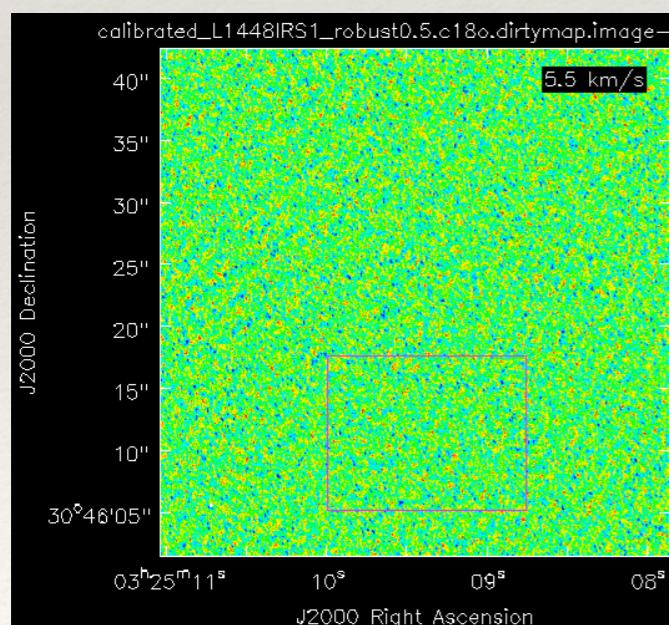
rms~4.9e-4 mJy/beam



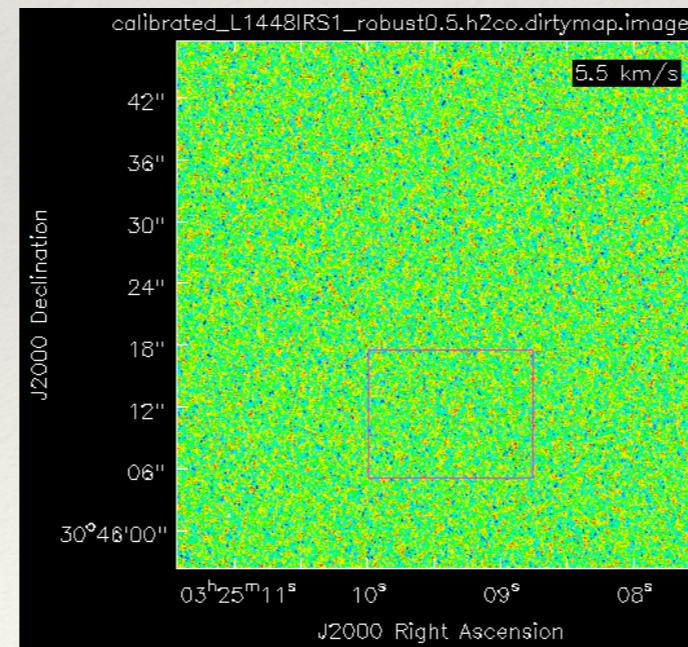
rms~2.3e-2 mJy/beam/ch



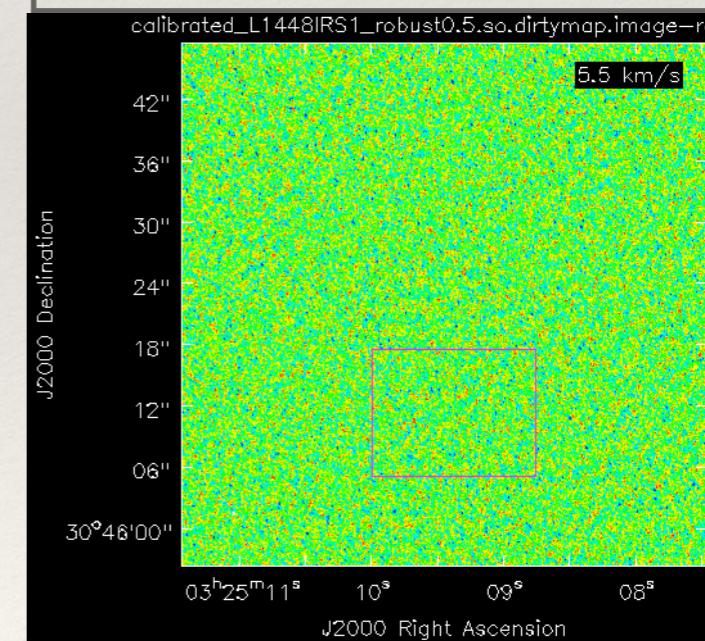
rms~2.8e-2 mJy/beam/ch



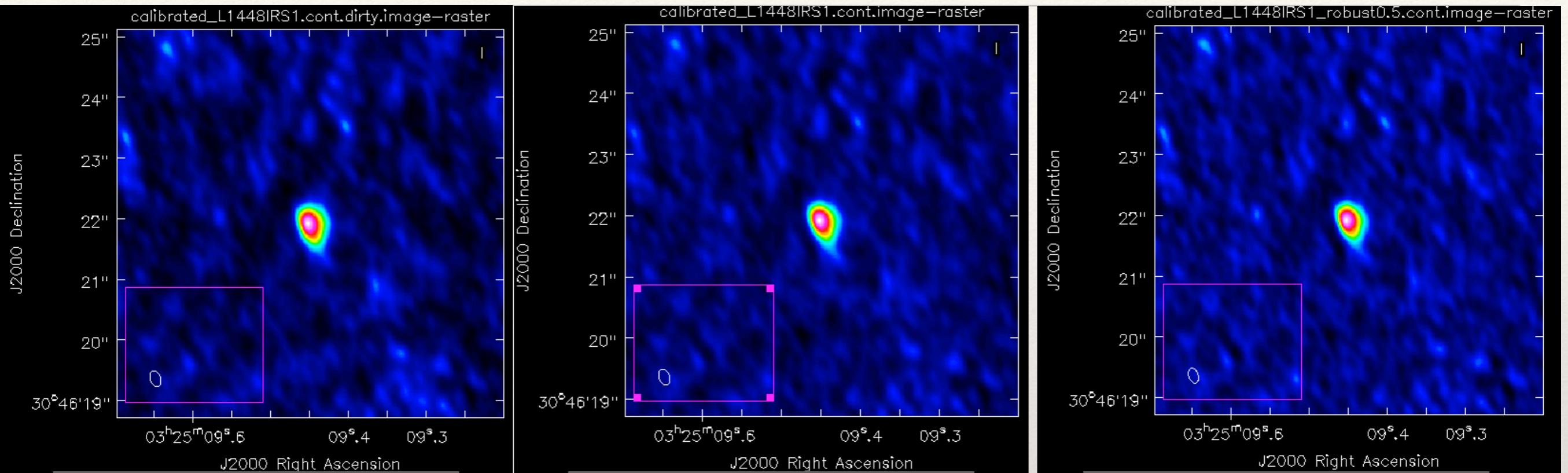
rms~1.9e-2 mJy/beam/ch



rms~1.7e-2 mJy/beam/ch



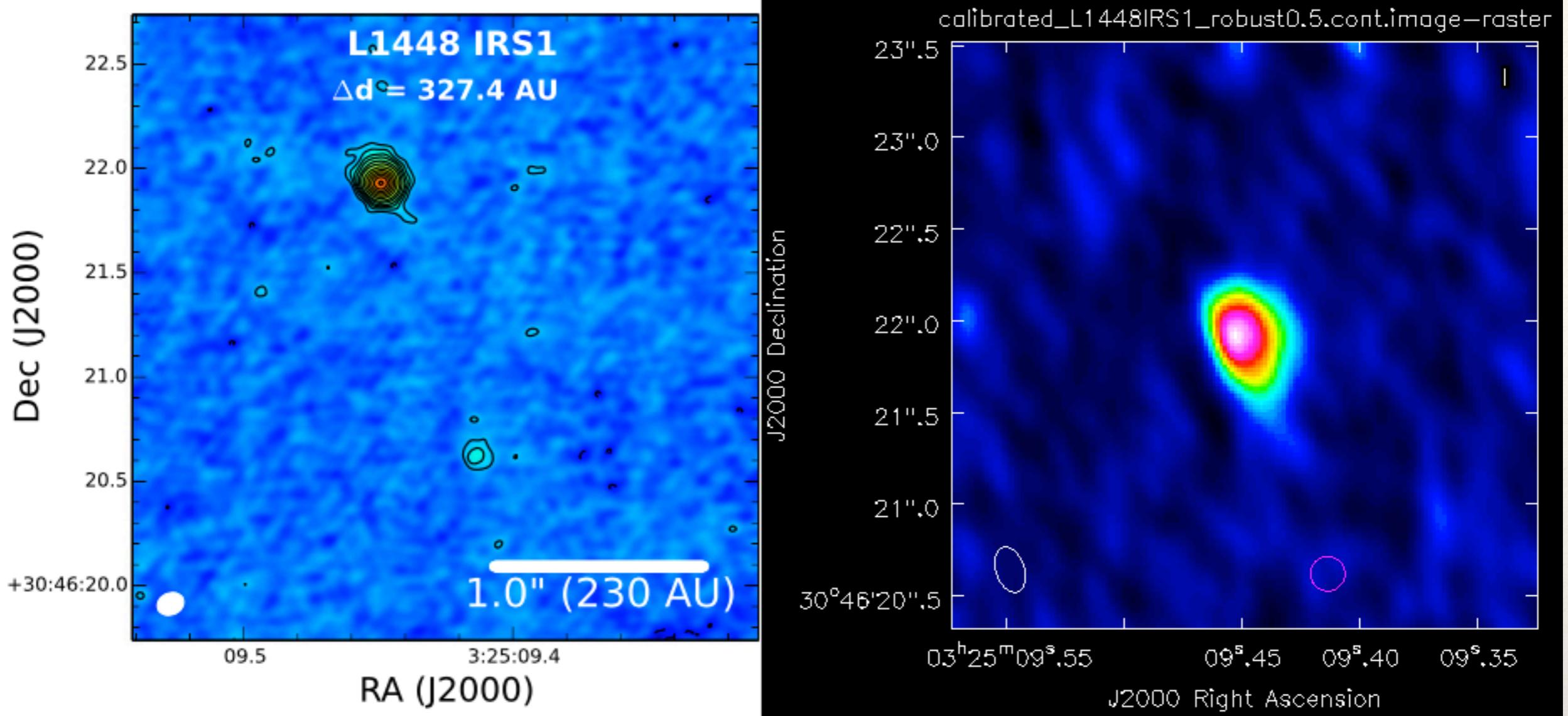
rms~2.2e-2 mJy/beam/ch



Maj, Min = 0.58'', 0.38''
rms~6.7e-4 mJy/beam
Flux_peak~0.02 Jy/beam
Flux_int~0.07 Jy

Maj, Min = 0.53'', 0.34''
rms~5.9e-4 mJy/beam
Flux_peak~0.02 Jy/beam
Flux_int~0.06 Jy

Maj, Min = 0.51'', 0.33''
rms~5.5e-4 mJy/beam
Flux_peak~0.01 Jy/beam
Flux_int~0.06 Jy



| | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|
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|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| L1448IRS1 | 1.424 ± 0.015 | 327.4 ± 3.5 | 1.02 ± 0.09 |

Maj, Min = 0.51'', 0.33''
rms~5.5e-4 mJy/beam
Flux_peak~0.01 Jy/beam
Flux_int~0.06 Jy

radius = 0.2''
rms~6.5e-4 Jy/beam
Flux_peak~9.5e-4 Jy/beam
Flux_int~4.3e-4 Jy

While we cannot reliably quantify our level of incompleteness, we do detect all the currently known infrared companions (i.e., EDJ2009-183 and L1448 IRS1 Connelley et al. 2008) and most millimeter companions (except for VeLLOs/candidate FHSCs). Furthermore, our observed CSF of Class I protostars

